THE MARION DAILY STAR.

VOL. XII. NO. 91. MARION, OHIO, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1889. PRICE, 3 CENTS.

At His Destination.

President-Elect Harrison Safely Arrives in Washington City.

AN ACCOUNT OF HIS TRIP.

Thousands of People Gather at the Way Stations to See the Presidential Train Pass Through, and an Immense Assembly Welcome Its Arrival at the Capitol City—Cabinet Gossip at His Washington Headquarters.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—President-elect Harrison and party arrived safely in this city at 2:35 yesterday afternoon. Owing to the late hour there was no attempt at demonstration at Pittsburg. After changing engines and crews the special train started from Pittsburg on the Pennsylvania road proper at 3:45 a. m. in charge of Conductor John Pitcairn, Engineer Alex. Pitcairn and Train Master Ed. Pitcairn. Twenty-seven minutes of the time lost west of Pittsburg was made up between that station and the Horseshoe Bend. The special swung around the famous bend at 6:15.

The train passed through Altoona without stopping. Several hundred people including a large number of ladies, had gathered about the station, hoping to catch a glimpse of the president-elect. Gen. Harrison had not yet made his appearance. Russell Harrison was the only member of the party who was visible. At Bellwood, a small station just east of Altoona, about fifty men were standing on the platform. The same scenes were repeated at Tyrone, Huntingdon, Mt. Union, Lewiston junction, Mifflin, New Port, Duncannon and Marysville. Gen. Harrison, owing to the schedule arranged for running the train, was unable to comply with the invitation of the governor and members of the legislature, to visit the house of representatives at Harrisburg.

At 9 o'clock Gen. Harrison and his family breakfasted, and afterward Mrs Harrison sent to the press car a very handsome basket of flowers.

As the special train drew into the Harrisburg station the McKee babies were placed at the windows and brought forth a round of cheers from the surging crowd outside the station gates. So soon after the train came to a standstill the gates were thrown open and there was a great rush for Gen. Harrison's car. A committee representing the legislature boarded the president's car and tendered their congratulations. The president-elect being called for, he stepped out on the rear platform of his car amid great cheering. When quiet had been restored, Gen. Harrison addressed the Pennsylvanians as follows:

"MY FRIENDS—I want to thank you for this friendly demonstration. The state of Pennsylvania has an especial interest to me among the states. Not many miles from here, in one of your beautiful valleys, near the town of Mercersburg, was my mother's birthplace. I am glad this morning to receive at the hands of my fellow-citizens of Pennsylvania this cordial greeting. It is very pleasant to know that I shall carry with me to Washington the good wishes of so many people. [Cheers.] I thank you again for your friendliness, and will beg you to excuse the attempt to speak further in the midst of so much confusion." [Prolonged cheering.]

After the train had been transferred to the Northern Central road at Bridgeport, upon request of the young son of Governor Beaver, Gen. Harrison and the members of his family stepped out on the platform of the car and were photographed in a group. After leaving Bridgeport, the representative of the United Press inquired of the president-elect how he had enjoyed the trip.

"Very much," replied the general; "it has been a very pleasant and gratifying trip."

The general spent all of his time in his private car, and when not reading or being otherwise engaged, devoted himself to his grandchildren, who, Mrs. Harrison said, were "having a great time."

The run from Bridgeport to York was without incident. At York there were more than two thousand persons on the depot platform and as many more scattered along on either side of the track. All were eager to see Gen. Harrison, and as the train passed through the city slowly, the distinguished traveler took his place on the rear platform and bowed acknowledgements of the enthusiastic welcome of which he was the recipient. The general also rode through Smyser on the back platform. After leaving the last named station the president-elect visited the train guards in the combination car, with whom he heartily shook hands. From this point to Baltimore there were no incidents of note.

The train arrived at Union station in Baltimore promptly at 1:15 in the afternoon. A tremendous crowd was assembled at the depot and thousands were on the bridges overlooking the Pennsylvania railroad tracks. There was a stoppage of a few minutes for the purpose of reversing the train, and the presidential party started on the last stage of its journey amid a storm of cheering.

A large crowd of people gathered in and about the Baltimore & Potomac depot in this city before 2 o'clock and patiently awaited the arrival of the special train with President-elect Harrison and his traveling companions, which should have arrived in the depot at 2:30 p. m. Inside the depot and on the platform were a score or more of newspaper correspondents, and quite a number of prominent public men, friends or acquaintances of Gen. Harrison, but they were doomed to disappointment, for at 2:35 word came that the special train had stopped at the freight depot platform on Maryland avenue, where Col. Britton, Judge McCammon and several other members of the inaugural committee were waiting with carriages to convey Gen. Harrison and his friends to the Arlington. The party quickly alighted and were rapidly driven through the Smithsonian grounds and Pennsylvania avenue to the hotel. The crowd at the depot, as soon as this information was received, quickly dispersed.

In and about the Arlington hotel about two hundred people had gathered to witness the arrival of the president-elect. The windows of the houses opposite the hotel were crowded with women and children. As the time for the expected arrival of the general and his party drew nearer, the crowd became more excited, and each approaching carriage was greeted with cries of "here he is," "I see him," and other similar remarks.

The approach of the distinguished party was herald by a running crowd of small boys and men who preceded the carriage. As the carriage containing the president-elect drew up in front of the door to the hotel annex, Gen. Harrison could be seen holding his little grandchild in his lap. Chairman Britton hastily jumped from the carriage and assisted Mrs. McKee to alight. The general came next, and as his form emerged from the vehicle, the spectators broke into a rousing cheer, to which the president-elect replied by lifting his felt hat and smiling. Taking the arm of Mrs. McKee, Gen. Harrison walked up the steps of the hotel, and just as the hands of the city clocks pointed twelve minutes of 3 o'clock, Mr. Rosselle, the proprietor of the hotel, met him at the threshold, grasping his distinguished guest's hand, bade him welcome to Washington. The party immediately preceded to the apartments prepared for them.

General and Mrs. Harrison expressed themselves as much pleased with the apartments that had been prepared for them at the hotel. The first hour after their arrival was devoted to rest. Their friends seemed to appreciate this, and there were but few callers during the afternoon. Mr. Russell Harrison announced at the hotel office that the general would see his friends in the evening between the hours of 7:30 and 9:30. At 5 o'clock the senate committee on the inaugural, Messrs. Hoar, Cullom and Cockrell, called to ask if he had any request to make about the ceremonies. The general said he had none.

Just before 6 o'clock Mr. Blaine called and was immediately ushered to Gen. Harrison's parlor. His stay was a brief one and was simply, it was announced, to pay his respects.

Dinner was served at 6 promptly. The general left the table before the others, and in company with his son-in-law, Mr. McKee, took a walk of two miles. They walked to Iowa Circle, and passed the house formerly occupied by the general. They returned to the hotel to find the others still lingering at the dinner table. The general said he felt much benefitted by the exercise. Soon after 7:30 intimate friends of the president-elect began to arrive. Several members of the inaugural committee called and a number of senators and representatives. Senator Spooner made an extended call. At 10 o'clock, although several intimate friends lingered, the general announced that his time for retiring had come and he left the drawing room. Thus closed the president-elect's first day at the capital.

Private Secretary Halford was introduced to a score of newspaper men during the evening and devoted several hours to the letters which have accumulated during the past few days.

Gen. Harrison was much surprised and grieved when he was informed at dinner, last evening, by ex-Senator Saunders, of Nebraska, that he was being criticised for leaving the train at the Ninth street crossing instead of at the depot. He stated that as soon as he arrived in the city he was in the hands of the inaugural committee, and the committee had directed him to get off at Ninth street. He had expected to leave the train at the depot.

Cabinet Gossip.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—With the arrival of the president-elect the headquarters for cabinet gossip has been transferred from Indianapolis to Washington. Yesterday evening the presence of Senators Evarts and Hiscock at the Arlington revived the belief that the New York difficulty was to be healed and that Mr. Platt might still hope for a place under the next administration. Mr. Evarts was with Gen. Harrison for an hour. Mr. Hiscock was accompanied by Mrs. Hiscock. Their stay was brief as Mrs. Hiscock discovered soon after her arrival at the Harrison apartments that she had lost the diamond setting from one of her rings, and after a fruitless search for it, in which several porters were kept busy, she and her husband retired to their own quarters to look for it there.

It is believed in political circles that the possibility of Mr. Platt's appointment is made stronger by the announcement that Senators Sabin and Davis, of Minnesota, will call on the president-elect to protest against the appointment of Mr. Windom to be secretary of the treasury. The charges against Mr. Windom on which their protest is based are made by Henry Castle, who was chairman of the state central committee of Minnesota. They relate to the organization of the Northern Pacific railroad company.

W. H. H. Miller, Gen. Harrison's law partner, is at the Riggs house, and he has arranged to stay for several months. It is said that he will be appointed solicitor general next week. J. N. Huston, of Indianapolis, is here, and it is said positively that if there is a hole left in the cabinet combination at the last minute he will drop into it.

In the Cabinet With a String Attached.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—A prominent member of the New York produce exchange who has talked with William Windom within two days said that Mr. Windom had no assurance that he was to go into the cabinet of President Harrison. He said that he had been summoned to Indianapolis and asked if he would like to be a member of the cabinet, and he had replied in the affirmative. He received no assurance at that time and he has heard nothing since. He remarked to his friend that there seemed to be "a string" attached to every one of the cabinet appointments except that of Mr. Blaine.

Whitelaw Reid for the Cabinet.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—There seems to be a general impression among the Republican leaders here that Mr. Whitelaw Reid, editor of the Tribune, will be chosen as New York member of President Harrison's cabinet. Mr. Chauncey M. Depew said in an interview that the appointment of Mr. Reid would be entirely satisfactory to them.

"Do you think Mr. Reid will be offered a cabinet position?"

"I do; but this you must understand is simply the expression of a private opinion."

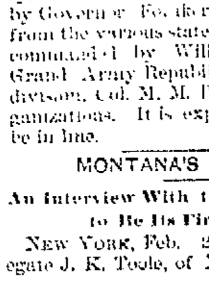
The Inaugural Parade.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—The official order of the inaugural parade has been issued by Gen. Hastings, the chief of staff. At the head of the procession will be the presidential carriage, and the first divison will be formed of United States troops and seamen and the district militia. In the second division will be the National guard of Pennsylvania. The third division, commanded by Governor Foraker, will include militia from the various states; the fourth division, commanded by William Warner, will be Grand Army Republic men, and the fifth division, Col. M. M. Parker, will be civic organizations. It is expected 40,000 men will be in line.

MONTANA'S STATEHOOD.

An Interview With the Man Who Expects to Be Its First Governor.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—Congressional Delegate J. K. Toole, of Montana, is spending a few days at the St. James hotel. Mr. Toole speaking about the admission of Montana as a state said: "Montana will become a full-fledged state in October. We will hold a convention in May to elect delegates to the constitutional convention, that will be held in June. The election of state officers will be in October, and in November the legislature will meet and elect two United States senators. I feel very hopeful of Montana being a Democratic state. It is naturally one, and our defeat last November was caused by a sort of strike in our own party. A large number of Democrats thought the territory had remained out of the statehood of states long enough, and they held the Democratic party responsible. Now that the Democrats have passed the bill taking in the new states those Democrats will undoubtedly come back to the fold, and there are more than enough of them to overcome the 5,000 Republican majority of last fall. Yes, there will be a good deal of politics in Montana during the next six months, and both parties will make a desperate fight to carry the state."


MR. TOOLE, OF MONTANA.

Mr. Toole will in all probability be the first Democratic candidate for governor of the new state.

A DAKOTAN TRAGEDY.

A Farmer Murders His Wife, Attempts to Burn His Children and Suicides.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 27.—A Pioneer Press special from Dickinson, Dak., says: One of the most sensational tragedies ever known in North Dakota occurred yesterday two miles from here. John Hollar, a German, lived with his wife and five children on a claim two miles miles from town. He and his wife quarreled, and he threatened to take the lives of the whole family.

Yesterday morning his wife left him, going to a neighbor's for safety. Her husband followed a short time after, carrying a rifle. By threats of general murder he drove the others from the house and then deliberately murdered his wife, firing two shots into her. He then placed the muzzle of the gun against his left temple and blew the top of his head off. Before following his wife when she went to the neighbor's he locked his five children in the house and deliberately set fire to it, as well as to his grain stacks, hay and barn, in which considerable farm machinery was stored. After his departure the children managed to escape, and are now cared for by friends.

Some years ago he killed a farmer's wife in the east, and three years ago was accused of burning his house to obtain the insurance. The tragedy of yesterday created the most intense excitement, but the county was saved the disgrace of a lynching.

Frosted Grain Will Grow.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 27.—Professor Green, of the state agricultural college, has completed his experiments to ascertain the value of frosted grain for seed. His report shows that from 40 to 90 per cent. of the total amount planted will sprout and grow. He says that the experiments may be relied upon, and hereafter farmers may plant frosted grain with the assurance that it will grow, rather than go in debt for other seed. Oliver Dalrymple, the bonanza farmer of Dakota, and the largest wheat grower in the northwest, is inclined to believe that the experiment can safely be relied upon, and will test farther on his 40,000 acre farm.

Neebe's "Confession" Fizzles Out.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—Anarchist Neebe's expected confession, in the hope of securing a pardon, turns out to be no confession at all. Instead he slangily accuses the public prosecutor, Judge Grinnell, of wanting the earth, and enters a bitter denial of all guilt. The document is addressed to Neebe's brother, and was received here yesterday from Joliet prison, where the writer is serving a fifteen years' sentence for complicity in the plots which culminated in the slaughter of police at the Haymarket.

"Razzle-Dazzling" a Car Line.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—Some labor organizations have occasionally shown signs of a grim sense of humor. Finding that the word "boycott" is unpopular in the courts the participants in the great car drivers' strike have decided to "razzle-dazzle" the belt line cars. This does not include dynamite, barricades nor paving stones. It simply means that the discharged employes will try to persuade workingmen to patronize some other line.

A Would-Be Poisoner Arrested.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Feb. 27.—William Benson, of Middletown, is under arrest for trying to poison his father and stepmother with Paris green. The victims were made ill, but recovered. Paris green was found in the bread they had eaten, and in the flour and other edibles in the house. The prisoner is thirty years old.

An Embarrassed Lumber Firm.

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 27.—William M. Dwight & Company, limited, [illegible] planing mill owners and dealers in [illegible] pine lands, have filed a mortgage [illegible] for the benefit of their creditors, with Fred W. Whiting as trustee.

A Strike Settled.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—The trouble at Burt's shoe factory has been settled, and the forty employes who went out Monday returned to work to-day.

Violating the Law.

An Alleged Crookedness to Be Investigated.

FRAUD IN CUSTOMS DUTIES.

Facts of a Conspiracy Laid Before the United States District Attorney at New York—An Extra Session of the Senate Called—Other Dispatches From Washington.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—The secretary of the treasury has written a letter to United States District Attorney Walker, at New York, concerning the complaint of frauds committed at New York by the improper collection of duties on leaf tobacco. The secretary reviews the proceedings incident to the investigation of the alleged frauds, in which it was clearly proven, as he believes, that frauds actually were committed. He finds that the owners of the tobacco through which the frauds were committed belonged to M. & E. Solomans, who were fined $7,000 in 1873 for conspiracy to cheat the government of duties on tobacco. The secretary's letter concludes as follows:

"I submit the foregoing facts, that you may determine whether therein there be evidence to convict the guilty parties of a violation of the statutes. This I leave to your better judgment; but I consider that Assistant Appraiser Sturgis and Examiner Hammill knowingly aided in admitting this tobacco to entry upon false classification, and upon payment of less than the amount of duties legally due thereon, and I have therefore caused their dismissal from their service. Appraiser McMullen's attitude toward the whole matter was one of such indifference and inefficiency, and this was so in accord with much of his conduct, therefore, that I procured his dismissal; but I am not disposed to believe that he wilfully aided in this attempted fraud, and therefore I do not ask you to prosecute him. Upon consultation with the collector you may determine that you can also make a case against some of the owners of the tobacco."

Senate and House Proceedings.

In the senate a private bill was passed over the president's veto. A number of house bills were reported. The house amendment to the senate bill fixing the rate of pension at $75 a month for the widow of Gen. Kilpatrick was agreed to. The army appropriation bill was considered and passed. A number of house bills were passed, and, after a brief secret session, the senate at 6:05 p. m. adjourned.

In the house half a dozen pension vetoes were read, and filibustering prevented suspension motion until 11 o'clock. Several bills on the speaker's table were passed. The sundry civil appropriation bill was reported, and a conference ordered on senate amendments. The deficiency appropriation bill was considered and passed. The Indian appropriation bill was taken up, and, after a long struggle by Bland against the delivery of a speech on Crisp, of Georgia, by Kennedy, of Ohio, the latter was allowed to proceed for half an hour. Crisp and Turner replied, and at 5:30 p. m. a recess was taken until 8 p. m. for the Indian bill.

Extra Session of the Senate Called.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—The following proclamation was issued by President Cleveland last night:

"WHEREAS, Public interests require that the senate should be convened at 12 o'clock on the 4th day of March next, to receive such communications as may be made by the executive. Now, therefore I, Grover Cleveland, president of the United States, do hereby proclaim and declare that an extraordinary occasion requires the senate of the United States to convene at the capitol in the city of Washington, on the 4th day of March next, at 12 o'clock noon, of which all persons who shall at that time be entitled to act as members of that body are hereby required to take notice.

"Given under my hand, etc., the 26th day of February, 1889. GROVER CLEVELAND."

After a Purer Ballot.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Senator Spooner has introduced a bill to punish offenses committed at elections of representatives and delegates in congress. It provides a penalty of imprisonment for not less than one or more than five years for any person who falsely registers or votes, obstructs any other person by threats, force or bribery from registering and voting, or bribes inspectors or any other election officer to violate the state law. The bill also contains other severe prohibitions against any practice calculated to improperly affect the right of a voter to register and cast his vote, including penalties for any mutilation or secretion of ballots, or other improper practice by election officers and the bringing of spirits into places of registration or voting.

Mrs. Cleveland's Last Reception.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Mrs. Cleveland's last reception at the White House yesterday noon, was attended by upwards of four hundred visitors. It partook somewhat of the nature of a melancholy parting with the majority of the callers. Mrs. Cleveland stood in her usual place, the entrance to the blue room to greet her guests. She wore a becoming costume of electric blue broadcloth, made with a simple plaited skirt and cutaway jacket. At the expiration of an hour, when those who had lingered, loth to say farewell, felt it compulsory upon them to make the move, there were few dry eyes in the room, and most of those who had so long enjoyed the friendship of the president's wife wept quietly in the backgrounds.

Another Territorial Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Mr. Springer has introduced in the house a bill to provide for the admission of Arizona, Idaho and Wyoming, into the Union as a state on an equal footing with the original states, as provided in the omnibus bill. The necessary changes for the election of delegates time of meeting, etc., are also made.

Mr. Joseph introduced in the house a bill to provide for the admission of New Mexico into the Union as a state, on an equal footing with the original states.

Senator Beck Improving.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Advices received recently from Senator Beck indicate a steady improvement in his condition. He has almost abandoned the idea of coming to Washington for the last days of the session on account of the crowd and the attendant confusion. He will remain at Old Point Comfort until the 7th and then probably come to Washington for a brief time.

Agreement on the Agricultural Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—The conferres on the agricultural appropriation bill has came to an agreement. The appropriation of $50,000 to continue experiments in the making of sugar from sorghum was reduced to $25,000 by the conferrees. The other amendments are of minor importance.

INDIANA'S DEBT.

The Governor's Statement Shows a Deficiency of Over $2,000,000.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 27.—In response to an inquiry from the house, the governor has transmitted to Speaker Niblack a statement showing the financial condition of the state. Estimating the tax levy of twelve cents on each $100 remaining as now, the revenue is placed at $1,400,000 for each of the years 1889 and 1890, while the actual expenses for the year ending October 31, 1889, including $125,000 for general assembly, will be $1,891,070. To this should be added undrawn amounts on appropriation for soldiers' monument, soldiers' home, etc., making the whole aggregate $2,246,670.

To this must be still further added appropriations for feeble-minded institute, reform school, and such other items as may be determined by the general assembly, estimated at $1,280,070. Inquiry shows that there will be a deficit over all receipts for the fiscal years 1889, 1890 and 1891 of $2,052,410, and that a loan of $2,200,000 will be necessary. There is now in the general fund embraced in the accounts to which the governor alludes but $25,000. The governor recommended a long loan, as one could be placed more advantageously than a short one. His suggestions were referred to the committee on ways and means.

Indiana Legislature.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 27.—A bill depriving the governor of the right to appoint a state mine inspector and an oil inspector was passed over Governor Hovey's veto. In the senate a bill was passed repealing the law limiting the rates of rents allowed for the use of telephones. A bill was also passed appropriating $50,000 for cutting a channel for the Kankakee river at Momence, Ill. In the house a compulsory school bill was passed to engrossment.

The Wabash White Cap Case.

WABASH, Ind., Feb. 27.—The alleged White Cap case for assault with intent to kill brought by Dr. W. H. Clare, of North Manchester, against William L. McIlroy, Elmer McKinley, Noah Dill and Charles Ballinger, came up for trial here Monday. McIlroy and McKinley were placed under bonds of $1,000 each. Ballinger turned state's evidence. He swore that McIlroy filled him with whisky, put a club in his hands and told him to kill Clare. McIlroy is a prominent and wealthy citizen.

FRESH FROM THE WIRES.

News in Brief From All Parts of the Country.

Several counterfeiters were arrested at Shelbyville, Ind.

Col. George W. Friedley dropped dead at Bloomington, Ind.

Three children were bitten by a mad dog at Chattanooga, Tenn.

Ernest Blair was convicted, at Lebanon, O., of highway robbery.

Daniel Case was instantly killed in a runaway accident at Sullivan, Ind.

William Walter, a contractor, has skipped from Canton, O., with $700 belonging to his employes.

The proposed combination of the Monongahela river coal operators is not likely to be successful.

The jury in the trial of Governor Larrabee, at DesMoines, Iowa, for criminal libel, returned a verdict of acquittal.

The cholera epidemic last fall in Presque Isle county, Michigan, is said to have been caused by poison from decaying fish offal.

The jury in the trial of Al. Adamson, at West Union, O., indicted for manslaughter in the killing of Samuel Greenlee, disagreed.

Steb Powell and wife, of Logansport, Ind., received a notice from "White Caps" to go to work or expect to receive fifty lashes each.

August Diasten, aged twenty-two, committed suicide near New Bremen, O., with a revolver. He is supposed to have been despondent.

A conference of colored Republicans will be held in Washington March 15 for the purpose of urging upon the incoming administration the necessity for the adoption of a conservative policy in the treatment of the race problem. It is expected that representatives will be present from every southern state.

EARTHQUAKE IN INDIANA.

A Slight Disturbance Experienced Over Nearly the Whole State.

MARION, Ind., Feb. 27.—A slight shock of earthquake occurred here yesterday morning about 9:30 o'clock. There was a low, muffled roar, attended by the rattling of windows and doors and trembling of the earth, lasting three or four seconds. The trouble was at first attributed to a natural gas well or an explosion, but telegrams received from a hundred miles distant announced similar phenomena.

Huntington's Experience.

HUNTINGTON, Ind., Feb. 27.—A peculiar rumbling sound was heard in this locality yesterday morning. It appeared to come from the south, increasing in volume until it had passed to the north, then decreasing until it entirely ceased.

Negroes on a Strike.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 27.—The negro mill hands at Moss Point are on a strike, and are using violence to prevent anyone from taking their places. They have shot at and whipped several negroes. The sheriff has appointed a large number of deputies, and several arrests have been made.

The Parnell Letters.

Pigott Declares in Writing That They Are Forgeries.

A SENSATION IN THE COURT.

The Times Counsel Dumfounded and May Drop the Case—Pigott Skips Out—Newspaper Comments—Various Other Items Culled From the Cable Dispatches.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—When the Parnell commission assembled Sir Charles Russell caused a sensation by saying that on Saturday Pigott went to Mr. Labouchere's office and in the presence of Mr. George Augustus Sala signed a confession that the "Parnell letters" were forgeries. Sir Charles, after making this statement, applied to President Justice Hannon for a warrant for Pigott's arrest. Sir James Hannon said that the warrant would be ready in an hour.

Before the warrant was procured it was learned that Pigott had skipped out, and it is believed that he has fled to either Antwerp or Rotterdam, under the cover of a disguise. His housekeeper at Kingstown received a telegram on Monday, instructing her to "burn all the papers in the black box," and in conformity to these instructions the papers were destroyed.

The Times' counsel were then asked if they would proceed with their case. Attorney General Webster replied that they had no other witness ready, and that it would be necessary for them to consider what course they would take and also whether they would resume any part of the case.

The Telegraph, commenting on the Parnellite situation in view of the confession and disappearance of Pigott, says that to all intents and purposes the work of the commission may be regarded as ended. The result, it believes, must seriously affect the political situation.

The Daily News offers its condolence to the great "Pigottist" party, which has lost its leader, and consequently has great difficulty in forging ahead.

The Standard, in an article based upon a declaration of the Times case, has been completely overthrown, says that the pomp and circumstances under which the publication of the alleged Parnell letters and the "Parnellism and Crime" articles occurred make it impossible to absolve those answerable for it of a great breach of public duty.

Neither the leader of the Times nor the Chronicle makes any reference to the commission.

A Gorgeous Wedding.

SHANGHAI, Feb. 27.—The marriage ceremony of the emperor of China was a most gorgeous, though exclusive affair. The foreign diplomats requested the privilege of paying their respects to his majesty, but the tenders were politely declined. They were entertained at a banquet by the ministers, however, and received valuable presents in honor of the occasion. The splendor surrounding the ceremony and the vast sum expended in carrying out the program is in marked contrast to the fact that millions of people are starving in the provinces.

A Fatal Blow.

DUBLIN, Feb. 27.—At the regular fortnightly meeting of the Irish National league, held yesterday, ex-Lord Mayor Timothy D. Sullivan said that a fatal blow had been given to a long ago hatched, carefully matured and murderous conspiracy against the Irish Nation. He expressed hope that justice would overtake the plotters, and declared that Smith and Walters should be condemned to the treadmill.

Fire in a Circus.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—The building in which the royal circus was giving entertainments at Manchester, was burned to the ground last night. The fire broke out after the performance of "Mexican Joe's" troupe of representatives of the "Wild West." No one was injured.

Foreign Notes.

Deputies Andrieux and Steenackers have declined to sign the Radical anti-Boulanger declaration started to test the strength of Gen. Boulanger's, claims to the members of his adherents. Seventy deputies have signed the declaration, including M. Lockroy.

Professor Maguire, Mr. Houston's colleague and a patron of the Patriotic Union, died suddenly in this city yesterday. He had been summoned as a witness for the Times before the Parnell commission. It is reported that he died of apoplexy on hearing of Pigott's flight.

A St. Petersburg dispatch says that a Russian loan of $140,000,000 has been concluded with the Rothschild and others. The money is to be used in converting 5 per cent. bonds into 4 per cents.

Baron Hirsch has donated 120,000 francs yearly to Austria, and a similar sum to Hungary to be devoted to the relief of tradesmen, who may thereby be saved from financial ruin.

Abdurrahman Khan, ameer of Afghanistan, still persists in cruel persecution of the natives on the Bokharan frontier, and a collision between the Afghans and the Russians is imminent.

The snow storms throughout Germany are increasing in severity. Railway traffic is seriously interrupted.

The Seine river is rising and flooding the adjacent territory. Bridges are damaged.

The King of Holland is weaker. Morphia continues to be administered to him.

The Famous Sleeper Awake Again.

ATTICA, N. Y., Feb. 27.—Emma Althouse, the famous sleeper, awoke yesterday at 2 p. m., after a sleep of eleven and a half days. She is very weak, more so than at any other time since her sickness. She has taken no nourishment as yet since her awakening. No visitors are allowed to see her.

An Excursion Abandoned.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 27.—Owing to the fact that the railroads west of Chicago would not make reduced rates to the meeting of the National League of Republican clubs, which is to be held in Baltimore, the excursion planned by the Union League club of this city has been abandoned.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitudes of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

POLISHES Furniture LUSTRINE CLEANS Furniture
REMOVES SCRATCHES, STAINS, &C.
from House, Office, Hotel, Church and School Furniture.
25c., 50c., AND $1.00 BOTTLES.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND FURNITURE DEALERS.

An Artist Found Dead.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—Alfred E. Baker, an artist who lived alone in a little room at 1267 Broadway was found dead on the floor this morning. Mr. Baker was between sixty-five and seventy years of age, and died undoubtedly from natural causes. The creation of the office of "fire marshal" was due to a suggestion made by Mr. Baker while a reporter of the Herald in 1861. Mr. Baker was made fire marshal by the insurance companies and retained the office until 1868, when he was legislated out. For the last ten years he had made a good living by portrait painting.

He Was Not Guilty.

DANVILLE, Ill., Feb. 27.—Walter C. Tuttle, a former sheriff of Vermillion county and the present clerk of the county, who was charged with embezzlement, was yesterday acquitted. The case has been on trial four days in the circuit court, and has caused a great deal of interest. Mr. Tuttle was indicted by the grand jury at the instance of the supervisors, who charged him with misappropriating fees. The verdict has given general satisfaction.

Internal Revenue [illegible]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—The internal revenue collections for the [illegible] aggregate $1,792,300, [illegible] as follows: Spirits, $1,300,181; tobacco, [illegible]; fermented liquors, $150,[illegible]; oleomargarine, $10,218; banks and bankers, [illegible]; miscellaneous, $14.

Shot By an Unknown Assassin.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 27.—At Oak Ridge, near Bastrop, last night, L. P. Goldman, a prominent merchant, was shot and perhaps fatally wounded by some unknown person while going home from his store. No cause for the attempted assassination is known.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations for the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Market for February 26.

NEW YORK. Money 2@2½ per cent. Exchange steady; governments quiet.

Currency sixes, 120 bid; four coupons, 129½ bid; four-and-a-half, 108 bid.

The stock market opened dull and fractionally lower, and during the first hour the dealings were light and without feature. After 11 o'clock, however, there was considerable buying of the leading stocks by the commission houses, and at noon figures were up ½ to 1 per cent. from those of last night. Since 12 o'clock the market has been steady but quiet.

Bur. & Quincy	101⅝	Michigan Cent	90¼
Central Pacific	[illegible]	Missouri Pacific	72¼
C., C., C. & I	71	N. Y. Central	110
Del. & Hudson	136⅝	Northwestern	106⅝
Del., Lack. & W	141¼	Ohio & Miss	23⅜
Illinois Central	110	Pacific Mail	37¼
Lake Shore	101⅜	St. Paul	62¼
Louisville & Nash	60¼	Western Union	86

Cincinnati.

WHEAT—92c@$1 00.
CORN—29@31c.
WOOL—Unwashed, fine merino, 18@19c; one-fourth blood combing, 23@24c; medium delaine and combing, 26@27c; braid, 19@20c; medium combing, 27@27c; fleece washed, fine merino, X and XX, 27@28c; medium clothing, 29@30c; delaine fleece, 29@31c.
HAY—No. 1 timothy, $13 50; No. 2, $9 00; prairie, $7 50@8 50; wheat, oats and rye straw, $5 00@6 00.
CATTLE—Good to choice butchers, $3 25@3 75; fair, $2 50@3 15; common, $1 50@2 25; stockers and feeders, $2 00@3 75; yearlings and calves, $2 50@3 00.
HOGS—Select butchers, $4 80@4 85; fair to good packing, $4 65@4 80; fair to good light, $4 70@4 80; common, $4 10@4 55.
SHEEP—Common to fair, $2 50@3 75; good to choice, $4 25@5 00.
LAMBS—$3 50@5 25.

Pittsburg.

CATTLE—Prime, $4 25; fair to good, $4 00; common, $3 10@3 80; stockers, $2 75; feeders, $3 00.
HOGS—Philadelphias, $5 10@5 20; mixed, $5 00; heavy hogs, $5 00@5 10; Yorkers, $5 20@5 30; common to fair, $5 15@5 25; grassers and stubblers, $4 85@5 05; pigs, $5 20@5 30.
SHEEP—Prime, $5 10@5 25; fair to good, $4 75@4 90; common, $2 20@3 50.
LAMBS—$4 00@6 00.

Chicago.

HOGS—Fair to good, $4 50@4 80; mixed packing, $4 50@4 65; heavy to choice, $4 50@5 05.
CATTLE—Choice to extra shipping, $3 00@4 00; mixed, $1 35@3 40; stockers and feeders, $2 25@3 46.
SHEEP—Common to choice, $3 00@5 25.
LAMBS—$4 50@5 50.

New York.

WHEAT—No. 1 state red, $1 08; No. 2 red winter, May, $1 06½.
CORN—Mixed, 41¾c.
OATS—No. 1 white, 39c; No. 2 mixed, March, 30½c.
CATTLE—$3 00@5 10 per 100 pounds live weight.

Toledo.

WHEAT—Active; cash, 98c@$1 01½; May, 99½c.
CORN—Dull; cash, 32½c.
OATS—Steady; cash, 26c.
CLOVER SEED—Cash, $5 07½; March, $5 07½.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

NewspaperARCHIVE®

THE MARION DAILY STAR

Published Every Evening Except Sunday

—BY—

W. G. HARDING.

TERMS:

By Mail............$4 per Year in Advance

Delivered by Carrier......10 Cts. per Week

WEDNESDAY, - - - FEBRUARY 27

We highly value the services of our correspondents who record the news of the surrounding towns and report to us, and we are under many obligations to them, but we are compelled to caution them against asking to much space in which to quarrel with one another. We endeavor to set a good example in this respect, but a few of our writers are inclined to indulge themselves anyhow. If occasion requires somebody's blood by a scalping in cold type let the work be short and we shall not object, but long warfare can not be admitted

PRESIDENT HARRISON, it is said by those who claim to know his views upon civil service reform, intends in his inaugural address to take a firm stand against any violation of the pledges made by the Republican platform. He will insist too, that the present Civil Service law must be followed strictly in the matter of appointments and removal.

Akron Telegram: The bill to reduce railroad fare to two cents per mile in Ohio has been postponed until the Wednesday following the inauguration, and in the meantime the overworked Ohio Solons will enjoy a free ride to Washington. After they get back the rail roads will have to suffer.

BOB KENNEDY cut himself loose in the House Tuesday, and handled the Southern election methods without gloves. Bob is one of those fellows who speak their minds regardless of consequences, and his nerve was tested in Ohio when he made an apparent minority rule in the Ohio Senate.

NATALIE'S NOTIONS

Mesmerism and Mind Reading—Other Topics Considered.

The credulous and superstitious are just now being treated to a series of mesmeric demonstrations under the management of Prof. Kennedy, at Music Hall. Just how much of this is physical superiority over the subjects operated upon or that subtle something which enables one person to influence and subdue another against their will, we are not able to say. There is much of the mysterious—and to most people—unaccountable in the theory and practice of mind readers—and as a science, it is attracting much attention in literary and scientific circles. In the February number of Harper's monthly there is an article, containing statements both startling and interesting. It is written in narrative, and gives a thrilling and withal, unique statement of facts hitherto unknown and to the incredulous, impossible.

The narrator give an account of a ship wreck in the Indian ocean, of which he was the sole survivor. He says, "I gave myself up for lost, and was indeed past the work of drowning, when I was recalled to consciousness by being thrown by a tremendous shock upon the beach. I had just strength enough to drag myself above the reach of the waves and there I fell down and knew no more."

After a time he regained consciousness and found himself surrounded by a group of persons who were observing him in silence. "In appearance they were white and handsome people, evidently of a high order of civilization, though I recognized in them the traits of no race with which I was familiar."

He attempted to communicate with them but with no success, as they met all his advances with profound silence. Notwithstanding the apparent inability to converse their beaming and expressive eyes gave indication that they fully understood all he wished to make known to them. His frantic endeavors to make himself understood was finally met with a demonstration of mirth on the part of these strange inhabitants—and not until a considerable delay—was the secret of it all made plain. "Just at this moment, when my bewilderment was fast verging on exasperation, relief came. The circle opened and a little elderly man, who had evidently come in haste confronted me, and bowing pleasantly addressed me in English."

This was the official interpreter, and in his explanation it was developed that this poor shipwrecked mariner was on an island obscure and isolated, inhabited only by a race of people called "mind-readers." He remained with them and made their peculiarities a study, and with the aid of the old interpreter learned their strange and romantic history.

Some three centuries before Christ, one of the Parthian King's of Persia, undertook a persecution of the sooth-sayers and magicians in his realm. These people were credited with supernatural powers. * * * * * Too much in awe of them fearing to do them violence he caused them to be banished and they were sent to Ceylon. However a great storm scattered the fleet and the remnant of survivors found themselves on the island referred to above. Here they lived and became a populous race—naturally the posterity of parents possessed of such peculiar gifts had developed extraordinary psychical powers. After a few centuries mind-reading became so general that language fell into disuse as a means of communicating ideas.

There are many things in this strange story that one cannot altogether [illegible]. From being a vague sort of theory, it becomes a tangible fact and the beauties portrayed makes one long for the cultivation of this wonderful art. "The beauty of friendship and its peculiar joy, is the sense of being understood by our friend as we are not by others, and yet of being loved in spite of the understanding."

⁂

Marion people are in luck and are to be congratulated on the varied opportunities offered for enjoyment. There is the dancing school for the light and hearted, the mesmeric entertainments for the superstitious, campfires for the patriotic, progressive degrees in the mysteries of Masonry for the devotee of mysticism, and last but not least the intellectual and literary inclined may find their most fastidious fancies gratified in the Shakespearean and musical entertainment to be given next week under the management of Prof. Lee, assisted by "Will" C. Kennedy, a dialect reader of rare ability and attainments. In addition to the literary part of the program, the lovers of music will be favored in hearing one of Lima's sweetest singers, whose pure, sweet, cultivated soprano cannot fail to please. We understand the program will be given soon.

⁂

The Lenten season will soon be upon us. Then society will doff her festive robes and put on the sackcloth of [illegible]. Easter is late and the "oldest inhabitant" predicts a late spring. A few early feathered songsters have made their appearance and give promise of the northerly migration so soon to follow.

"Spring, gentle spring,"
Thou comest in the spring time of the year;
We fain would have it come in autumn."

[Visions of flying paste cups, paper weights, etc., prompted us to hurriedly lay down the pencil just at this, and a grateful public may sympathize with the editorially —squelched.]

NATALIE.

Oyster Supper.

The United Brethren Church will give an oyster supper at the City Hall on Thursday evening, March 7th, on a novel plan. The ladies names are to be placed in a box and drawn by the gentlemen, who will pay one-half cent per pound for her weight for her supper and his.

The tropic regions of the hall will be supplied with ice cream for such as may desire it. A real enjoyable time is anticipated. Let there be a full attendance and thus aid a worthy cause.

RICH IN THIS WORLD'S GOODS.

Mrs. Paran Stevens has $5,000,000.

Mrs. Rachel Goff, Cincinnati, $2,000,000.

Mrs. Lawrence has $5,000,000 and is still a widow.

Mrs. Moffitt, of St. Louis, is worth about $3,500,000.

Mrs. Oliver Perrin, Cincinnati, is rated at $3,000,000.

Miss Mary Garrett, of Baltimore, is worth $20,000,000.

Miss Nellie Gould's belongings are worth $15,000,000.

The Misses Drexel are rated at about the same figures.

Mrs. Josephine M. Ayer has $5,000,000, made in patent medicine.

The widow of the late Charles Crocker, of San Francisco, is rated at $13,000,000.

Mrs. Jane Brown, widow of the banker, has a fortune safely invested worth $[illegible],000,000.

Mrs. Robert Goelet, New York, has a fortune of $4,000,000, which her husband made in hardware.

Mrs. Hicks Lord has $3,000,000 inherited from two husbands. Before marriage she was a poor girl.

Mrs. Joseph Harrison, widow of the man who built the first railroad in Russia, is worth $4,000,000.

The two Misses Armour, Chicago, are said to be worth in their own right and prospectively $5,000,000 each.

Mrs. Griswold Gray, widow, of New York, is worth $2,000,000. She is the daughter of the late Richard Irving.

The richest woman in Pittsburg is Mrs. Schenley, whose fortune, mostly in real estate, is estimated at $25,000,000.

Miss Daisy Stevens, New York, eldest daughter of Frederick Stevens, has a fortune in her own right of $2,000,000.

Mrs. Bloomfield Moore, widow of the paper manufacturer, lives in Philadelphia and has a fortune estimated at $5,000,000.

The richest Indian woman in the world is Mrs. Capt. [illegible], of Sitka, Alaska, who has money and property worth $250,000.

Mrs. H. V. Alexander, New York, wife of a lawyer and daughter of Charles Crocker, is worth $5,000,000 in her own right.

Mrs. Leland Stanford has jewels valued at $2,000,000, among them the collection of ex-Queen Isabella of Spain, valued at $1,000,000.

Miss May Callender, New York, is worth $2,000,000. She is an orphan, fond of horses and horses and a special fondness for Italian opera.

Mrs. Thomas A. Scott, Philadelphia, has $5,000,000 in her own right and is one of the richest women in the city. She was Miss Riddle, of Pittsburg.

Mrs. Sarah W. Cates, Kansas City, is a widow with a fortune of $10,000,000, a large portion of which was realized from a real estate investment of $2,000.

Mrs. J. Frederick Pitts, of Philadelphia, is rated at $2,000,000 and has a fortune in precious stones. She is a handsome woman, goes much in society and entertains in a splendid manner.

One of the richest unmarried women of the United States is Miss Julia Rhinelander, of New York, who has inherited the fortunes of half a dozen kinsfolk, and is [illegible] worth $15,000,000.

Mrs. Moses Taylor is said to be the richest woman in the country, if not in the world. The latest estimate of her wealth is [illegible],000,000. She lives in New York, [illegible] and other places, as the [illegible].

Mrs. Bellamy Storer, of Cincinnati, is worth $2,000,000 in her own right. She was the widow of George Ward Nichols, first president of the Cincinnati College of Music and an energetic and liberal patron of the musical arts.

Mrs. E. D. Standiford, of Louisville, worth $3,000,000, is reputed the richest woman in Kentucky. She was left a widow twenty years at the age of 23, her husband [illegible] the expiration of the ten years [illegible] her his entire estate.

Mrs. Leonard Church, of Hartford, is one of the richest women in Connecticut. She is worth $1,000,000, and, beside being a faithful church goer, she is conspicuous at the races at Charter Oak park, in an old quaint carriage not worth over $50 except as a curiosity.

A cattle queen of vast wealth is Senora Manuela de Moncado of Mexico, who owns immense tracts of land and has one ranch stocked with 40,000 head of sheep. She is nearly 60 and owns a fine residence on Fifth avenue, New York, where she spends a part of her time.

OUR NEW YORK LETTER.

THE PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS OF JAMES GORDON BENNETT.

A Modern Journalist Viewed from Many Sides—Some Popular Errors Concerning Him—The London and Paris Editions of the New York Herald.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—The name of James Gordon Bennett, as the proprietor of The New York Herald is probably more familiar to the reading public of the world than that of any man of his age. Yet it is not so much the result of mere ownership as of his own strong individuality.

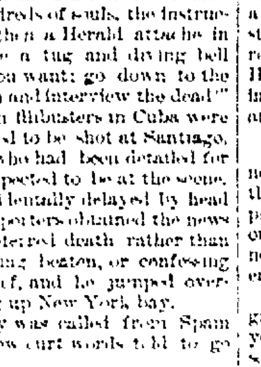
From his father he inherited his Scotch shrewdness and thrift; from his mother, generosity, love of travel and pleasure. As a child, he was fond of the sports in which in later years he became a leader. Ponies, toy guns and miniature ships were his constant companions. Indeed, his old nurse used to complain to her mistress that when she took him out for an airing he always wanted to go straight to the water and sail his boats. Much of his boyhood and youth was spent in Europe, where he easily acquired the languages and was influenced by the habits and associations of the people. There are few places on the surface of the globe which he has not since visited.

It has been aptly said that when he became of age "he was like a young Highland chief with a ready made clan and a feather in his hat," for it was at this time that he began to attract social and public attention. The immense power wielded by James Gordon Bennett, the elder, made the young man an object of more than ordinary importance even to his seniors, and with an income that exceeded their own he speedily became a central sun around which revolved the lesser planets. We hear of him first as an enthusiastic yachtsman, the owner of the sloop Rebecca and a prime mover in the development of the New York Yacht club, of which he subsequently became the commodore. Again, he is boldly sailing races across the Atlantic and setting fearless examples in seamanlike sports. When the war broke out he was prompt to tender his services with his yacht and crew to the general government.

But it was not always play time with Mr. Bennett. Before the death of his father he established The Evening Telegram. At first it was a novel toy with which he experimented without much regard to cost, but experience proved it to be a valuable object lesson in journalism, and he so profited by the instruction that, when a few years later he was called upon to take charge of the more mighty affairs of the Herald, the occasion found him well equipped for the task.

Under his management the Herald became more sensational and acrobatic than ever, but behind the impulse was a spirit of liberal enterprise. Its income expanded to nearly a million of dollars a year, yet the prodigality of expenditure was in proportion. The public witnessed in quick succession a series of journalistic marvels. The Herald had yachts, horses, telegraphs, express wagons, signal stations, foreign offices and agents in every part of the world, while below the marble building on the corner of Broadway and Ann street were half a million dollars' worth of presses that spoke in tones of thunder.

The one prevailing thought of young Bennett was to obtain ahead of every rival news, news, news, without regard to cost. This special correspondence embraced every important center on the globe. For a single cable dispatch during the Franco-Prussian war, describing one of the great battles, $10,000 were paid. When the steamer Atlantic went down off the coast of Newfoundland, carrying hundreds of souls, the instructions to Tom Gill, then a Herald attache in Boston, were, "Hire a tug and diving bell with all the men you want; go down to the bottom of the ocean and interview the dead!" When the American filibusters in Cuba were captured and ordered to be shot at Santiago, Reporter Stevens, who had been detailed for the purpose, was expected to be at the scene. Because he was accidentally delayed by head winds, and other reporters obtained the news in advance, he preferred death rather than the dishonor of being beaten, or confessing the fact to his chief, and he jumped overboard while coming up New York bay.



JAMES GORDON BENNETT.

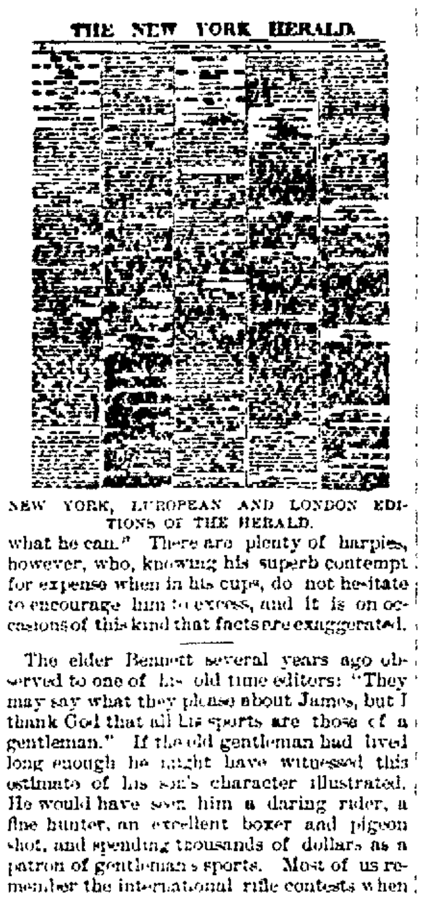
Henry M. Stanley was called from Spain to Paris, and in a few curt words told to go and find Livingstone. He went and thus was opened a vast continent to the influences of Christianity and commerce that are now at work. During the Abyssinian war, The Herald received from Stanley news in advance of the English government. In Egypt, Turkey, Khiva, among Siberian polar stars, tag and freezing to death and having behind only a trail of heroic effort, on every field of action and exploit, The New York Herald has had its representatives, and all because this young Napoleon, absolute, arbitrary and frequently despotic, has imperiously given his command to the men around him who knew he must be obeyed or they must be [illegible] hold.

Not content with his marvelous successes on this side of the Atlantic Mr. Bennett has recently endeavored to repeat them in Europe by publishing a London and Paris edition of The Herald. Several of his best editors and reporters, men familiar with his methods, were drawn from the New York office, and in addition, he has had the valuable aid of the Commercial cable, another of his magnificent projects, yet thus far it does not appear that he has achieved the full measure of victory contemplated.

If the life of this remarkable man were written in detail, an analysis of his character would present many contradictory qualities. The foregoing incidents in themselves illustrate the flint and steel in his nature, but there are certain other phases that will bear a cursory view.

Physically, Mr. Bennett is put together like an athlete, and would attract attention in a crowd. His figure is tall, spare and apparently without superfluous flesh. One would guess his average weight to be 145 pounds, and these are carried with a grace and alertness that betoken both a nervous disposition and perfect health. He always looks fresh, no matter how late were his hours the night before. His features are strong, but neither regular nor handsome, save when a kindly smile brings the flexible mouth and gray eyes into twin brotherhood and shows the brighter side of the man's nature. In repose, his features are severe and wear a look of melancholy—a sort of Ishmaelitish look—[illegible] that this is the Scotch side of his nature, [illegible] turns outwards to his reporters and subordinates, the men who are serving him best; while with strange [illegible] he yields implicit confidence to [illegible] who, in the guise of friendship, are after only his wealth or influence and, if they dared, would swindle him without compunction. In manner he is by turns attractive and brusque. He can act like a chevalier of the old school or like a pirate. Strange to say, men out of his office, those who cling to his skirts in the social circle, have sometimes more influence with him than those within the office.

It is a popular error that Mr. Bennet is a drinking man and inclined to dissipation, and many nonsensical stories have been written concerning his escapades. If he were less prominent, they never would have been known or fabricated. While the Scotch element in him is convivial, and his companions are generally men of the world, rich and without avocation, it is oftener they than himself who show an incapacity to stand heavy dinners. The truth is that he never had a head or stomach that would allow him to become an habitual drinker or take even a cheap premium for being an "old rounder." As a gentleman once remarked, "It is easier to tell what he can't drink than what he can." There are plenty of harpies, however, who, knowing his superb contempt for expense when in his cups, do not hesitate to encourage him to excess, and it is on occasions of this kind that facts are exaggerated.



NEW YORK, EUROPEAN AND LONDON EDITIONS OF THE HERALD.

The elder Bennett several years ago observed to one of his old time editors: "They may say what they please about James, but I thank God that all his sports are those of a gentleman." If the old gentleman had lived long enough he might have witnessed this estimate of his son's character illustrated. He would have seen him a daring rider, a fine hunter, an excellent boxer and pigeon shot, and spending thousands of dollars as a patron of gentleman's sports. Most of us remember the international rifle contests when The Herald contained the diagram of every shot made the day before, three thousand miles across the sea. It was this encouragement, together with the offer of prizes by Mr. Bennett, that started rifle practice throughout the country, until, extending to regiments and brigades, it has at last become a part of the education of the regular army.

Some years ago the town was startled by the announcement that Mr. Bennett had won a ten thousand dollar wager the morning before in a walking match with two or three of his club friends from the Windsor hotel to Jerome park. Within a week every young man in New York was on his mettle and going like a race horse through the streets. At one time he was proud of his skill with the pistol, and there are those who have seen him knock a silver dollar out of the hand of his valet standing twenty feet distant. It is also on record that in a match with the late Recorder Hackett, a famous shot, he successively drove in the four corner tacks that held a picture and dropped it to the floor.

Another contradictory quality of Mr. Bennett's character is that while he will drive the closest bargains and metaphorically pinch a penny in order to get all the juice out of it, his expenditures, whether for business, pleasure or charity, are of the most generous character.

To several of his worn out employes he gives a liberal pension. Once (but that was years ago, and he's not doing it now) he presented to each of three members of his staff, O'Kelley for services in Cuba, Fox for services in the Modoc campaign, and Stanley for services in Africa, an $800 gold watch. For the late Lawrence Jerome he purchased a seat in the Stock Exchange, and so the list of what might be called small gifts could be multiplied for columns; but there are exceptional cases in which his contributions for the benefit of the public have been like those of a prince. When the famine desolated Ireland his "mite" was $50,000. When poverty created such havoc a few years ago in New York, he authorized Delmonico to establish soup houses wherever they were wanted, and to give the poor the best food he could prepare. When Chicago was burned his check for $50,000 responded to the first appeal. When his father died and left him the great bulk of his estate except what was given to his daughter Jeannette and his wife, Mr. Bennett voluntarily increased his mother's share and made over to his sister all his half interest under the will, in what is known as the Bennett law building in Nassau street, and when his sister's first child was born he set aside to be invested for the little one the munificent sum of $100,000. Newport is indebted to him for its Casino and polo grounds, and when there his stone villa, yacht and horses are practically at the service of all his many guests.

It is a mistake to suppose that because he enjoys so much pleasure or is abroad such a large part of the year Mr. Bennett has no active share in the management of The Herald. On the contrary, he directs all the important movements which the paper makes and before retiring at night knows the editorial tone of its columns—this, no matter whether he be in Newport, Paris, St. Petersburg or Africa. The cable and land lines of telegraph keep him in daily communication and through his private secretary, who is always with him, he dictates his instructions. When he is in Europe or elsewhere, copies of The Herald are sent to him by every mail, and in these the name of every writer of an article in the paper, from the leading editorial down to a two line paragraph, is written across it with a blue pencil. Hence the chief knows who is at work in the office and just what he does. His hand is always on the helm. In addition to these excerpts from the leading journals of the country, arranged according to subjects and especially those that refer to The Herald, are sent to him, and he thus obtains a consensus of public opinion. It was not intended in this article, however, to describe the methods of the paper so much as the man who inspires, directs and controls everything between its basement and rafters, who brooks no rival power around his throne; who, according to his idiosyncrasy, may praise, condemn or defy, with none to say him nay, and who, with his strange mixture of good and bad traits, occupies a place upon the human stage peculiar to himself alone.

FELIX G. DE FONTAINE.

The "Old Hundred."

Half a [illegible],
Half a [illegible],
Into an [illegible],
Choir and precentor [illegible],
Into a [illegible] of pitch
They led the "Old Hundred."
Trebles to the right of them,
Tenors to the left of them,
Basses in front of them,
Bellowed and thundered.
Oh that precentor's look
When the sopranos took
Their own time and hook
From the "Old Hundred!"

Screeched all the trebles here,
Boggled the tenors there,
Raising the parson's hair,
While his mind wandered.
Theirs not to reason why
This psalm was pitched too high,
Theirs but to gasp and cry
Out the Old Hundred.
Trebles to the right of them,
Tenors to the left of them,
Basses in front of them,
Bellowed and thundered.
Stormed they with shout and yell,
Not wise they sang, nor well,
Drowning the sexton's bell,
While all the church wondered.

Dire the precentor's glare,
Flashed his pitchfork in the air,
Sounding fresh keys to bear
Out the "Old Hundred."
Swiftly he turned his back,
Reached he his hat from rack,
Then from the screaming pack
Himself he sundered.
Tenors to the right of him,
Trebles to the left of him,
Discords behind him,
Bellowed and thundered.
Oh, the wild howls they wrought!
Right to the end they fought!
Some tune they sang, but not,
Not the "Old Hundred."
—New York Graphic.

Senator Vance's Wonderful Memory.

Senator Vance has a very good memory and seldom fails to recognize a person he has once met and observed, but one of his constituents got away with him a short time ago. The senator was standing with several of his friends in the rotunda at the Capitol, when a stranger approached and offered his hand saying: "Why, senator, how are you?" The hand was taken and grasped warmly. "Quite well, sir; how have you been?"

"Oh, I've been fine, never in better health, but I don't believe you remember me."

"Oh, yes I do perfectly. Your face is quite familiar. It's only your name that escapes me."

"My name is John Buckwalter."

"Sure enough, old Buckwalter. Of course," and he shook the man's hand a little more vigorously. "I can't see how I forgot it. Let me think—where was it I saw you last?"

"Well, senator, the fact is, you never did see me before."

[illegible]

A Strange Case.

[illegible]

Bad [illegible] of Them on Hand.

"General, [illegible] wildly, [illegible] We have just [illegible] engagement with some of Hyppolyte's [illegible]."

"What [illegible]," said Gen. Legitime, turning [illegible] and taking a [illegible] drink [illegible]. "Have we lost many [illegible]?"

[illegible] a bombshell fell in the [illegible] and [illegible] killing thirteen [illegible].

"Is that all?" exclaimed Gen. Legitime, [illegible]

The Horse [illegible] the Fly.

[illegible]

Why the "Wanted" [illegible]

[illegible]

One Way to Look at It.

Husband—[illegible] what's the use of paying [illegible] $10 a month [illegible] you do all the work?

Wife—Well [illegible] have a girl the neighbors would say that I had to do all the work.—Munsey's Weekly.

Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup.

SCROFULA undoubtedly had its origin among the poorer classes in new countries, where water [illegible], fuel, [illegible] limited variety, clothing [illegible], and exposure [illegible] common and frequent.

WHAT IT IS AND HOW TO OVERCOME IT.

SCROFULA.

[illegible] to be the cause of [illegible] chronic diseases

DYSPEPSIA ALWAYS YIELDS.

TREATMENT—In this, the diet is of importance, and the hygiene not to be neglected. Fresh air, exercise and abundant clothing are all important. Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup is the *only* remedy.

IT IS POSITIVE.

Containing the medicinal virtues of certain *Plants* and *Roots* of known alterative and *Depurant Natures*, together with such remedies as *Poke, Burdock, Wintergreen*, diuretic, healing and invigorating, it becomes the "remedy of all remedies" for this most common and insidious enemy of mankind.

ALWAYS RELIABLE

IT IS A

SAFE FAMILY MEDICINE

Because it contains no poison or opiates. Children, invalids and delicate persons will find it the best [illegible] they can use. No home should be without it. Always in season, *Spring, Summer, Autumn and Winter*.

If you cannot procure it of your druggist, send direct to us. Price $1.00; 6 bottles $5.00. Plasters 25c.

TESTIMONIALS WORTHY OF CONFIDENCE.

A BAD CASE OF SCROFULA CURED.

PORT BYRON, N. Y.—I have been doctoring for [illegible] years, with different physicians, for [illegible] until I commenced taking [illegible]. Continuing to use it a few months, [illegible] cured. I believe it to be the best [illegible] in the world.

MRS. WILLIAM STRANG.

[illegible]

[illegible] RHEUMATIC SYRUP CO., JACKSON, MICH.

YEARS OF SUFFERING.

COL. E. S. WALKER, West Lebanon, Ind.

Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup and Plasters have done more for me than any other medicine that I have ever taken. It is the greatest remedy for impure blood, and for a dyspeptic or a constipated person it seems to have no equal. Please send me half a dozen bottles.

G. B. HARRISON, Liberty, Tex.

Gents.—I received the above letter this [illegible]. He thinks it is the greatest medicine in the [illegible]. It has given entire satisfaction to all my [illegible].

COL. E. S. W[illegible]

A SURE CURE FOR RHEUMAT[illegible]

Terrible.

Two-thirds of all deaths in New York City are from consumption or pneumonia. The same proportion holds for most other cities. Delays are dangerous. Dr. Acker's English Remedy for Consumption will always relieve, and may save your life.

H. C. HOBBERMAN & Co.

[illegible]

A [illegible] used to have a [illegible] the empire, and was [illegible] with all the artists of imperial France. He [illegible] apropos of the picture by Gerome, [illegible] in the American [illegible] story that is worth repeating. Every one who loves art must know the picture, or the engraving, from the picture representing "Moliere Breakfasting with Louis Quatorze." My friend happened to run into Gerome's studio just after the canvas was completed. It was in its frame and on the easel, and Gerome was chuckling in his saturnine way as he entered. "What do you think?" said the painter. "I have just received the visit of an American [illegible] who has made me what he considers a great offer for my 'Moliere.' He has offered me a thousand francs a head for it. I have refused, as I would if there had been a flock of courtiers. I cannot [illegible] a picture as one would [illegible]." The picture was sold for [illegible] francs. [illegible]

Syrup of Figs.

[illegible]

How Doctors Conquer Death.

Doctor Walter K. Hammond says: "After a long experience I have come to the conclusion that two-thirds of all deaths from coughs, pneumonia and consumption might be avoided if Dr. Acker's English Remedy for Consumption were only taken in time." This wonderful Remedy is sold on a positive guarantee by H. C. Hoberman & Co.

A Big Mistake.

There are a class of ignorant people who imagine a bank is a place where money is thrown about in careless profusion, and that any one inside the railing can help himself, where every one about the place is rich and have their pockets bulging with gold. Every boy thinks that way until he learns otherwise, but you can't make the farmers believe it.—Bank Teller in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Why Women Fade.

Women lose their [illegible] because colds undermine their [illegible]. Acker's English Remedy [illegible].

H. C. HOBBERMAN & Co.

[illegible]

A Luxury and Necessity.

For rich and poor [illegible]

[illegible] Downed.

[illegible]

Do Not Suffer Any Longer.

[illegible]

H. C. HOBBERMAN & Co.

CITY TIME TABLE

Following is the time of arrival of and departure of trains at and from the several depots in this city, according to the latest changes.

ERIE.

WEST.		EAST.	
No. 7	10:50 a.m.	No. 12	5:20 a.m.
No. 2[illegible]	[illegible] a.m.	No. 9	12:05 p.m.
No. 5	2:55 p.m.	No. 86	3:30 p.m.
No. 3	11:05 p.m.	[illegible]	10:45 p.m.

BEE LINE.

WEST.		EAST.	
No. 1	4:07 a.m.	No. [illegible]	4:15 a.m.
No. [illegible]	10:2[illegible] a.m.	No. 10	8:45 a.m.
No. [illegible]	3:25 p.m.	No. 2	2:48 p.m.
No. 9	[illegible] p.m.	No. 6	9:[illegible] p.m.
Local	9:[illegible] a.m.	Local	2:48 p.m.

C. H. V. AND T.

NORTH.		SOUTH.	
No. 1	[illegible]	No. 2	9:25 a.m.
No. 3	[illegible]	No. 4	[illegible] p.m.

C. AND A.

WEST.		EAST.	
No. 1	[illegible] a.m.	No. 12	5:20 a.m.
No. 5	2:[illegible] p.m.	No. 10	7:15 p.m.
No. 17	[illegible]	No. 30	7:40 p.m.
No. 1	10:[illegible] p.m.	No. [illegible]	10:45 p.m.
No. [illegible]	[illegible] a.m.	No. 18	12:01 p.m.

[illegible]

[illegible]	6:[illegible] a.m.
H. V. & T. North	8:37 a.m.
H. V. & T. South	9:53 a.m.
C. & A.—West	10:27 a.m.
[illegible] East	12:05 p.m.
C. & A. East	2:47 p.m.
[illegible]—West	2:55 p.m.

[illegible] mails close one-half hour before schedule time of [illegible], except C. & A., which close [illegible] earlier than one-half hour.

NIGHT MAILS.

[illegible] South of Delaware	[illegible] p.m.
[illegible]	8:40 p.m.
C. & A. North of Galion	7:22 a.m.
Chicago	11:10 p.m.

[illegible] Night mails close at [illegible] and [illegible] p.m., city [illegible]

FEBRUARY SALE!

—OF—

Alaska

SEAL SACQUES

—AT—

WALTER BUHL & CO.'S,

116-118 Jefferson Ave.,

DETROIT, - - MICH.

The Holiday Rush is over and we now make a

Great Reduction!

—On all our—

SEAL GARMENTS

EVERY GARMENT A BARGAIN.

WALTER BUHL & Co.

[illegible] "Your merchant will sell you at our prices.

Remington Standard

Typewriter,

Unrivaled for SPEED and DURABILITY.

Unequaled for EASE of Operator and QUALITY of work.

FULLY WARRANTED.

Send for Catalogue

Wyckoff, Seamans and Benedict

177 W. 4 ST., CINCINNATI, O.

LADIES

Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home, with

Peerless Dyes

[illegible] They are sold every where. [illegible] 40 colors. They [illegible] for Strength, Brightness, Amount [illegible] or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading [illegible]. They do not crock or smut. [illegible] H. R. FLOCKEN, or H. C. HOBBERMAN & CO.

DISEASES OF MEN ONLY

[illegible] DR. GRINDLE, 171 W. 12th St., New York

MEN ONLY [illegible]

THIS PAPER [illegible] Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK

FULL WEIGHT PURE
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
DR. PRICE'S DELICIOUS FLAVORING EXTRACTS
NATURAL FRUIT FLAVORS

Used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities and Public Food Analysts, as the Strongest, Purest and most Healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Dr. Price's Delicious Flavoring Extracts, Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, Almond, Rose, etc., do not contain Poisonous Oils or Chemicals.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., New York. Chicago. St. Louis.

DR. ALBERT'S

—Next Visit to—

MARION, OHIO,

—Will be on—

FRIDAY, MARCH 15, at HOTEL MARION.

THE ALBERT MEDICAL DISPENSARY

Superior Street, next to Postoffice, Cleveland, O.

Chronic, NERVOUS, SKIN AND BLOOD Diseases

Successfully Treated upon the Latest Scientific Principles.

DR. ALBERT Has attained the most wonderful success in the treatment of the cases to which he devotes his special attention, and through years of patient labor and research, he has discovered the most infallible method of curing general weakness, involuntary discharges, impotency, nervousness, confusion of ideas, palpitation of the heart, timidity, diseases of throat, nose and skin, affections of the liver, stomach and bowels—those terrible disorders arising from solitary habits of youth—and secret practices, making life a miserable existence and rendering marriage impossible.

Nervous Debility. Those suffering from Nervous Debility, the symptoms of which are a dull, distressed mind which unfits them for performing their business and social duties; make happy marriages impossible, distress the action of the heart, causing flushes of heat, depression of spirits, evil forebodings, cowardice, fear, dreams, short breathings, melancholy, tire easily of company and have a preference to be alone; feeling as tired in the morning as when retiring; lost manhood; white bone deposits in the urine, nervousness, trembling, confusion of thoughts, watery and weak eyes, dyspepsia, constipation, paleness, pain and weakness in the limbs, etc., should consult DR. ALBERT immediately and be restored to health.

Organal Weakness. Immediately cured and full vigor restored. This distressing affliction which renders life a burden and and marriage impossible—is the penalty paid by the victim of improper indulgence. The most chaste must acknowledge that the passions are the great magnet by which the whole world is attracted. Destroy them and what have we? Man is no longer interested in the opposite sex; the interchange of that blissful repose which attracts and interests the whole world, exists no longer; man ceases to be what God made him, the world is no longer interesting to him, and remorse and disappointment are his constant companions. Consult DR. ALBERT at once and you will find the sympathy and relief that you positively require.

Marriage. Married persons or young men contemplating marriage, aware of physical weakness, loss of procreative powers, impotency, or any other disqualifications speedily relieved. He who places himself under the care of DR. ALBERT, may confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely on his skill as a physician. DR. ALBERT has had many years' experience in hospitals and private practice and is a graduate of the most eminent Medical Colleges of the United States.

Young Men who have become victims of solitary vice,—that dreadful and destructive habit, which annually sweeps to an untimely grave, thousands of young men of exalted talent and brilliant intellect, may call with full confidence.

DR. ALBERT addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgence and solitary habits which ruin both mind and body, unfitting them for business, study, society or marriage.

Epilepsy or Fits Positively Cured by a New and Never-failing Method, and a Guarantee given in every case.

Remarkable Cures Perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures.

A Perfect Restoration Guaranteed.

PERSONS RUINED IN HEALTH by unlearned pretenders who keep trifling with them month after month, giving poisonous and injurious compounds, should apply immediately. Call or write, but where possible, one personal interview preferred.

Address, with Postage, **DR. ALBERT, Cleveland, O.**

A course of treatment with full directions will be sent to any part of the United States, securely packed, free from observation, upon receipt of Five Dollars, with a guarantee that if results are not satisfactory, money will be refunded.

ANY ONE CAN DYE

DIAMOND DYES

A Dress, or a Coat. Ribbons, Feathers, Yarns, Rags, etc. *Any Color* FOR TEN CENTS

and in many other ways SAVE Money, and make things look like NEW, by using DIAMOND DYES. The work is easy, simple, quick; the colors the BEST and FASTEST known. Ask for DIAMOND DYES and take no other.

For Gilding or Bronzing Fancy Articles USE DIAMOND PAINTS.

Gold, Silver, Bronze, Copper. Only 10 Cents.

Baby Portraits.

A Portfolio of beautiful baby pictures from life, printed on fine plate paper by patent photo process, sent free to Mother of any Baby born within a year. Every Mother wants these pictures; send at once. Give Baby's name and age.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., BURLINGTON, VT.

Cleanse the System

DO IT NOW

With that [illegible] medicine—Paine's Celery Compound. It purifies the blood, cures constipation, and regulates the liver and kidneys, effectually cleansing the system of all waste and dead matters.

Paine's Celery Compound

combines true nerve tonic and [illegible] qualities, reviving the energies and [illegible]

"I have been troubled for some years with a complication of difficulties. After trying various remedies, and not finding relief, I tried Paine's Celery Compound. Before taking one full bottle the long troublesome symptoms began to subside, and I can truly say that I now feel like a new man. Digestion has improved and I have gained ten pounds in weight since I have commenced taking the Compound."

HONESTUS [illegible]

$1.00. Six for $5.00. At Druggists.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., [illegible]

$1,000 Reward!

FOR EVERY CASE OF

Nasal or Post Nasal Catarrh

—THAT—

DR. LIVINGSTON'S

POSITIVE CURE FOR CATARRH

FAILS TO CURE.

Every bottle is guaranteed or money refunded when our rules and instructions are carried out in full. The only catarrh medicine of merit, and the only Company that gives you this chance. This is to show the public that we do not come before the people with a worthless nostrum, but one of merit. Do not let your druggist sell you a bottle unless it has our guarantee on same. For sale by all drug trade. **Price, $1.00 Per Bottle.** If your druggist does not have it, send $1, and we will pay express charges.

LIVINGSTON MEDICINE CO., - DAYTON, OHIO.

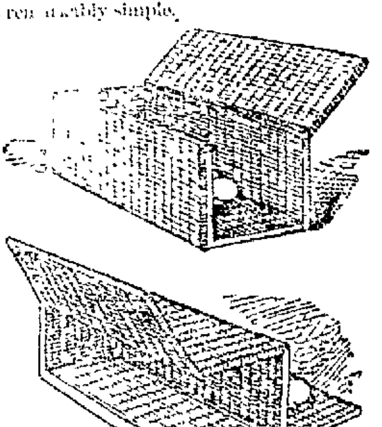
SUBSCRIBE FOR THE STAR.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

SCIENTIFIC RECREATIONS AND POPULAR SUBJECTS CONSIDERED.

The Magic Basket Trick, Common with East Indian Jugglers, Is Shown to Be a Remarkably Simple One by Robert Houdin.

A common trick with East Indian jugglers is to place a child in a basket and strap the cover down. A sharp sword is then pressed through the sides of the basket and is pulled out dripping with blood. After the spectators have been duly horrified at the apparent atrocious murder, the basket is opened and shown to be empty, while the child makes his appearance at a little distance safe and unhurt. The trick, as performed by the skilled orientals, is a very surprising one, but the explanation, as given by Robert Houdin and published in La Nature, is remarkably simple.



THE MAGIC BASKET.

As might be supposed, the secret of the trick lies in the construction of the basket, which is represented in the engraving, Fig. 1 showing it as it appears when the child is first placed in it, and Fig. 2 showing it laid on its side and opened so that the spectators may see that it is empty, the double sides, A, C, B, swinging outwardly and allowing the child to escape into the flowing robes of the juggler, to emerge from thence while the attention of the audience is distracted by the passing of the sword through the sides of the basket and into a sponge filled with some red colored substitute for blood.

A similar basket or box can be easily constructed, and when skillfully handled can be used to produce some surprising illusions. The movable sides, A C and B C, are fastened firmly together and turn on a hinge at C. In the illustration the end of the basket nearest the spectator is omitted, to show more fully its interior construction.

The Peculiar Influence of Antipyrin.

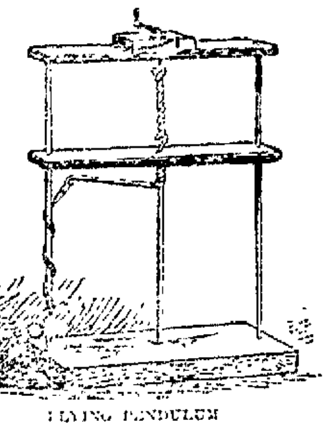
The new coal tar product called antipyrin, discovered by a German chemist, is a compound whose remarkable qualities have brought it into use the world over. It is claimed that it has the power of reducing the temperature of the body by several degrees, and so is of vast utility in treating fevers and fever in the stages of many diseases. It does its work by depressing the action of the heart, and generally when employed by physicians it is accompanied with digitalis to neutralize its influence in the latter regard. Women use it partly because it is a sedative and partly because it makes the complexion beautifully clear and pale by keeping the blood away from the surface of the body. The habit, like all others, grows upon the person who practices it. It does harm, however, from the first. With women who are weak it increases their weakness, with those having a predisposition towards heart disease of any sort, it increases the tendency to a terrible extent. Besides these results, antipyrin exerts a peculiar influence upon the blood, which is not yet thoroughly understood by the faculty. It seems to undergo some decomposition or breaking down when absorbed by the system, developing unknown compounds, which either attack the blood itself or else powerfully influence the nerves and ganglia, which control the vital functions.

Elastic Traces for Draft Horses.

Six years ago the directors of the Eastern railway of France began to harness all the horses employed in shifting freight cars at their Paris station with traces made of chains having a strong spiral spring inserted in them. A large number of horses is employed in this service at the station, and the effect of the change has been very satisfactory. It is claimed that a considerable gain has been made in the durability of the harness and the regularity of the work through the diminution of the number of chains broken in the service, while the horses have done their work better and with less fatigue. These elastic traces are now adopted in all portions of the vast network of lines under the control of the company referred to.

The Flying Pendulum.

In the accompanying illustration is represented a model of a pendulum of recent invention, which has been applied to clocks with some success. It is described as follows by Scientific American:



FLYING PENDULUM

Two cross bars are supported from the base by two wires. In the lower cross bar and in the base is journaled a wire having a hook at the upper end. This vertical wire carries a curved arm, to which is attached a thread having at its extremity a small weight, such as a button. The propelling power in this model consists of an elastic rubber band placed on the hook on the vertical rod, and received on a hook on the little crank shaft in the upper bar. The rubber band is twisted by turning the crank, and the crank is prevented from retrograde movement by the wire catch at the side of the bar.

As the arm is carried around by the power stored in the rubber band, the weight on the thread is thrown outward by centrifugal force. When it reaches one of the side rods, it winds the thread several times around the rod, thus holding the arm until the thread is unwound by the action of the weight, when the arm describes another half revolution and the operation just described is repeated.

The dissipation of fog by electricity is being agitated in London.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE

An Artistic Decorative Material That Lends Itself to Many Purposes.

Chinese storm coats are among the latest novelties used for home decoration. These coats are worn by the Chinese laborer to protect him from the weather, and most effectually they do it. They are made of coarse straw matting, eighteen or twenty inches deep, edged with a short fringe; each upward row overlaps the one below it, so that the rain falls off it as water does off a duck's back. The coats are taken to pieces and the single strips are used for decorating spaces over windows, mantels, and sometimes they are used for friezes.

Decorator and Furnisher, which suggests this use of Chinese storm coats, says that when these are not to be had the straw matting which comes around tea chests may be used instead. The grocer is usually glad enough to give it away.

First it must be thoroughly washed in strong salt and water, then placed flat under a heavy weight to dry; great care must be taken to make it perfectly smooth, flat and straight, for it is impossible to remove any crookedness or unevenness, except by dampening and pressing. A very sharp knife and ruler are necessary for the cutting; scissors will not do.

A piece of card or bristol board must always be used for the foundation; this must be cut with care, and the exact size. When the matting is well cut, leaving no ragged ends of straw, the hardest part of the work is done. There is a coarse straw gimp which may be used for a finish to cover the edges, if desired. For window decorations or frieze, the gimp is not at all necessary if the matting is well cut, as when once it is placed on the wall there is little wear and tear to fray it.

For a frieze, two Cus-cus fans, placed centers together, may be used as a center piece midway between the corners, or they may be used as corner pieces, leaving the centers plain. One mantel seen had two of these fans placed together over the middle of the matting, as well as one at each end. Individual taste must determine the brush decoration according to the room and its occupancy. The matting is especially suitable for music and billiard rooms, for sleeping in the city, or it may be used with good effect throughout a summer cottage.

Tea chest matting serves as an admirable background for photographs and other small pictures. Among pretty things of this kind seen was one about twelve inches square made of cardboard and matting, cut the same size and pasted together. Three small photographs of Chinese children, souvenirs of a California trip, were pasted on irregularly; in one corner glowed a bow of gorgeous yellow ribbons. Chinese characters, which to the initiated read, "Peace be with you," were scrawlingly painted between two of the photographs.

The beauty of a cabinet photograph is enhanced by placing it on a background of the matting an inch and a half larger all around than itself. A bow of ribbon may be added if desired.

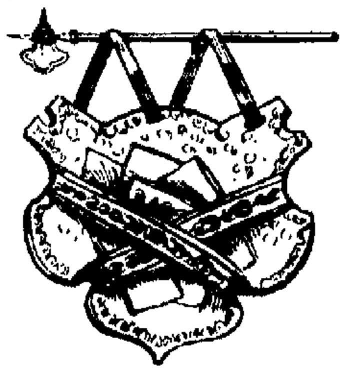
Picture frames of plain thin wood may be covered with the matting and handsomely decorated with colors if desired.

A mirror framed with a matting frame was decorated with a running vine of many colored morning glories.

Letter cases, paper holders, and a variety of pretty and useful articles may be made from the same material, if the worker has a little ingenuity.

Medieval Paper Pocket.

The wall pocket is one of the most useful of articles that also lay claim to a decorative effect, and it is therefore always more or less in fashion. The forms it takes on are almost numberless, the desire of course being for something novel as well as pretty. Among recent fancies is the one shown in the cut.



MEDIÆVAL WALL POCKET.

This pocket in mediæval style is of fancy material, crossed with brocaded or painted velvet ribbon; it is hung to the wall with two ribbon loops passed through a gilt sword or halberd.

Baked Turkey.

Parboil a little, then make a batter dressing for it and stuff, baste and bake. If you fancy a variety of flavors combined you can add about twenty-five oysters to the dressing, fry and stuff the turkey with it. Baste and turn the turkey very often till it is nicely browned, then take it up and add to the grease that has dripped from the turkey into the pan enough of the liquor in which it was boiled to make a nice gravy. Stir while it is cooking down, add the liver and gizzard and pour into your sauce boat or tureen.

Delicious Layer Cake.

One cupful of powdered sugar, one tablespoonful of butter, three eggs, whites beaten separately, half a large cupful of milk, one cupful and a half of flour, one heaping teaspoonful of baking powder; flavor with vanilla. Cream, butter and sugar thoroughly, add yolks, next whites beaten to a stiff froth, then gradually flour and milk, baking powder last. This makes three layers and is very nice when put together with a corn starch cream, with a soft icing on top.

A Delicate Dessert.

Scald one quart new milk in double boiler. Meantime beat until stiff the whites of four eggs, and add to them three tablespoonfuls sugar and one teaspoonful vanilla or other flavoring. Pour the hot milk slowly upon this mixture, beating all the time. Then pour into buttered teacups, set these in a dripping pan of boiling water and bake in the oven half an hour or until firm. The heat should be only moderate. Pack on ice and turn out on sauce plates to serve.

Peanut Candy.

Five cups of sugar, six tablespoonfuls of water, four tablespoonfuls of vinegar, one tablespoonful of butter. Boil (without stirring) till it crisps in cold water. Line buttered pans with peanuts and pour the candy over them. When nearly cold, mark off into squares.

Onion Pie.

Mince finely three onions, with which fill a pie plate lined with pastry. Pour over it four tablespoonfuls of sweet cream, sweetened, and a trifle of any kind of spice desired. Cover with upper crust and bake slowly.

Rose Cakes.

One cup of butter, two cups of sugar, five eggs, leaving out half the whites, one gill of rosewater, a little flour. Roll in sugar.

Spelled With a Ve.

Charles Mathews once went to Wakefield, where the theatrical business was at a very low ebb. On his return to London a friend asked him how much money he had made at Wakefield.

"Not a shilling," said he.

"Indeed! Why, I thought you went there to star?"

"So I did," said the comedian, "but they spell it with a 've' in Wakefield."—Detroit Free Press.

A Perilous Style.

"Bless my soul, Algy, why have you got your trousers turned up? It isn't raining."

"Big twowsers, dear boy. I'm afwaid of twipping on the hem!"—Life.

A Story of the Orient.

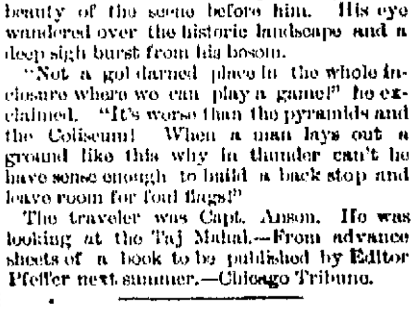
Beneath the cloudless sky of India the domes and minarets of earth's loveliest shrine glittered in the pale moonlight with a radiance pure, unearthly, and entrancing. The soul of the observer reveled in the marvelous beauty and glory of the scene. On the red sandstone and marble terraces rose the grandest mausoleum that human affection, aided by the resources of wealth, genius, art and imagination, ever reared to perpetuate the memory of the loved and lost. The voices of the dead past seemed to whisper in the vast interior of the marvelous structure and bid mankind heed the precepts of wisdom inscribed in imperishable mosaics of precious stones on the inner walls. The pure white marble, whose polished surface was reflected in the crystal waves from whose bosom this wonderful edifice appeared to rise, the delicate spires, beautiful as a poet's dream and shapely as the embodied vision of an inspired architect—these might well enchain the attention and hold in their magic thrall the soul of the traveler from the far western world who stood with head bared to the breeze and gazed in seeming rapture at the grand and thrilling spectacle.

Tall, erect, with the form of an Apollo Belvedere and the physical proportions of a Greek athlete, the embodiment and ideal of vigorous and magnificent manhood, he stood with folded arms and surveyed the glorious beauty of the scene before him. His eye wandered over the historic landscape and a deep sigh burst from his bosom.

"Not a gol darned place in the whole inclosure where we can play a game!" he exclaimed. "It's worse than the pyramids and the Coliseum! When a man lays out a ground like this why in thunder can't he have sense enough to build a back stop and leave room for foul flags?"

The traveler was Capt. Anson. He was looking at the Taj Mahal.—From advance sheets of a book to be published by Editor Pfeffer next summer.—Chicago Tribune.

Love's Long Embrace.



She—Goodness me, Fred, how in the world am I to get back to the house? It didn't look at all like snow when we came out.—Life.

The Height of Meanness.

The height of meanness has been often defined. I have heard, for instance, that it has been reached by a man who, having been rescued from a watery grave in the Serpentine during the skating season and duly brought around, after much trouble, in the Royal Humane society's receiving house, promptly stole the grappling irons as he left the place and sold them for old metal on his way home! Another definition asserts that the height of meanness consists in giving a blind man a shilling and taking full change for it out of his hat. But The Woodbridge Gazette now claims for that town the credit of possessing the meanest man in the person of a miserly yeoman who refused to allow his daughter to receive a sealskin jacket from her uncle as a present because, forsooth, he could not afford to pay for the camphor which would be needed to keep the moths out of it!—London Times.

A Hopeless Job.

"Now, sir," said the attorney for the defense, knitting his brows and looking severely at the witness, "you say you can remember the exact time during the forenoon at which these events took place because you had been fishing in the creek for more than three hours. Is that correct?"

"It is," replied the witness.

"I'll ask you now if you can remember how many fish you had caught and what their size was?"

"I hadn't caught a fish. Hadn't had a blamed nibble."

"We'll have to change our tactics," whispered the lawyer to his client. "We never can impeach this man's testimony."—Chicago Tribune.

Not Obliging.

"They have got a mighty mean man for warden of the penitentiary at Columbus, O.," said a stranger to Officer Button at the Third street depot the other day.

"In what respect?"

"Wouldn't let me in to see the last hanging."

"Probably it was against the law."

"Yes, might have been, but he could have dodged it, I guess. The victim was an uncle of mine and expected to meet me there. The rest of us are coming to Michigan."—Detroit Free Press.

Intricacies of the Language.

Paperwate—How are you getting on with your English, count?

Count Chartreuse—Ver' well, indeed. Las night I ask ze hotel clerk who is ze what—you—call "Whitechapel fiend," and he says to me, "He ees a dandy!" I look in ze dictionary, and I find me zat a dandy is ze lady-killer.—Life.

LONG LIFE.

There is nothing in the world more generally desired than long life, yet the majority of people put off caring for their health—not because they are really careless, but because we live our lives at such a pace we have not time to give the subject sufficient thought until we receive a reminder in the shape of a severe illness.

Then, too, we are constantly bewildered by the various schools of medicine, and the physicians who represent them, and often blunder in our choice of a doctor.

If people only knew that the very best health-keeper, life-preserver, and disease-preventer that has yet been discovered, is simmered down into a concentrated and very palatable form in the shape of New Style Pleasant Taste Vinegar Bitters, they would not hesitate a moment to try it.

But they do not know. How can they know, when so many not only worthless, but positively injurious drugs are constantly flooding the market under various names guises, that the New Style Vinegar Bitters is as bad as any of them?

They do not know, of course, unless they have the courage to try the New Style. It straightens out a tangled-up system in a very short while, and those who buy it once buy it always.

Why don't you try it, reader? It is sent out by a responsible house, and is exactly as represented. It costs but a dollar for a very large bottle. Try it once and you will never be so glad of anything in your life. Your druggist may not have it, but he will order it for you. Be sure it says New Style Pleasant Taste on carton and bottle before you take it. Try it, and you will feel happier than if you had found a gold mine, for it really is a mine—of health.

Free from alcohol and opium; composed of expensive herbs and roots, with a fine, delicate flavoring.

Send for a beautiful book free.

VINEGAR BITTERS

PURELY VEGETABLE FREE FROM ALCOHOL

DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS

R. H. McDONALD DRUG CO.,

Cor. Washington & Charlton Sts.,

NEW YORK CITY.

HOXSIE'S DISKS

STRIKES AT THE ROOT SWIFT & SURE OF THE DISEASE POSITIVE

The greatest of all pocket remedies, for hoarseness, loss of voice, Bronchitis, Asthma, and tickling cough. 25 cents.

A Model Newspaper

THE NEW YORK MAIL AND EXPRESS

The Advocate of the Best Interests of the Home—The Enemy of the Saloon. The Friend of American Labor. The Favorite Newspaper of People of Refined Tastes Everywhere.

The New York MAIL AND EXPRESS, the favorite American newspaper of many people of intelligent and cultivated tastes, has recently made some noteworthy improvements, materially increasing its general excellence. It is in the broadest sense

A National Newspaper,

most carefully edited, and adapted to the wants and tastes of intelligent readers throughout the entire country—North, South, East and West. It is a thoroughly clean paper, free from the corrupting, sensational and demoralizing trash, miscalled news, which defiles the pages of too many city papers.

OUR POLITICS.

We believe the Republican party to be the true instrument of the POLITICAL PROGRESS of the American people; and holding that the honest enforcement of its principles is the best guarantee of the national welfare, we shall support them with all our might; but we shall always treat opposing parties with consideration and fair play.

AGAINST THE SALOON.

The MAIL AND EXPRESS is the recognized National organ of the great Anti-Saloon Republican movement. It believes that the liquor traffic as it exists to-day in the United States is the enemy of society, a fruitful source of corruption in politics, the ally of anarchy, a school of crime, and, with its avowed purpose of seeking to corruptly control elections and legislation, is a menace to the public welfare and deserves the condemnation of all good men.

Send for Sample Copy

They are sent free to all who apply.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.—WEEKLY, per year, $1.00; six months, 60 cents; three months, 30 cents. DAILY, per year, $6.00; six months, $3.00; three months, $1.50; one month, 50 cents.

VALUABLE PREMIUMS are given to all subscribers and agents. We want a good agent in every town and village where we have not one now at work. Send for our Special Circular to Agents and see our liberal offers.

You Can Make Money

by accepting our Cash Commission offers or working for our valuable and popular premiums. Address the MAIL AND EXPRESS, New York City.

FAST TRAINS OVER THE

ERIE RAILWAY

—FOR—

Buffalo, New York, Boston, Saratoga, Albany and Other Eastern Cities,

The Only Road Running Solid Train to New York.

3 THROUGH TRAINS. 3

—WITH—

Pullman Palace Sleeping Coaches, Pullman Buffet Sleeping Coaches, Pullman Hotel Coaches, Parlor Cars and Elegant Day Coaches.

TIME TABLE ADOPTED Dec. 2 1888.

Central Time, 28 minutes slower than Columbus Time.

Trains depart from Marion, O., as follows

WESTWARD.	DEPART.
No. 7, daily except Sunday	10 50 a.m.
No. 5, daily	2 55 p.m.
No. 37, Way, daily, except Sunday	8 20 a.m.
No. 3, daily	11 05 p.m.

EASTWARD.	DEPART.
No. 12, daily	5 20 a.m.
No. 6, daily except Sunday	12 05 p.m.
No. 38, daily except Sunday	3 30 p.m.
No. 8, daily	10 45 p.m.

Pullman Palace Coaches on all through trains.

E. B. THOMAS, Second Vice President.
L. P. FARMER, G. P. A., New York City.
W. C. RINERSON, A. G. P. A., Cleveland.
W. W. DUNNAVANT, Div. Pas. Ag't, Warren O.

CHICAGO & ATLANTIC RAILWAY

With its Pullman Built Equipment, Substantially Constructed Roadway and Low Rates of Fare, Insures a Safe, Speedy and Economical Journey to All Points East and West. Write to your nearest railway agent for the

Attractive Low Rates

In this line.

TIME TABLE, Taking Effect Dec. 2 1888.

EASTWARD.

	No. 8.	No. 10.	No. 12.	No. 16.
Lv. Chicago	2 55	8 15	8 10	5 51
" Archer Avenue	2 35	8 [illegible]	8.20	5 45
" Englewood	2 55	9.15	8 40	6 15
" Hammond	3 25	9 15	9 15	6 40
" Crown Point	....	10 19	9 42	7 25
" Kouts	....	11 01	....	8 23
" North Judson	....	11 31	*10 35	9 00
" Rochester	5 10	12 35	11 56	
" Akron	....	1 01	*12 19	
" Newton	6 16	1 25	12 57	No. 18
" Bolivar	....	1 28	....	
" Huntington	6 55	2 25	1 45	6 05
" Kingsland	....	3 05	....	6 36
" Decatur	7 45	3 33	2 15	7 35
" Enterprise	....	4 10	2 19	8 30
" Spencerville	....	4 41	3 0[illegible]	8 55
" Lima	8 55	5 12	3 2[illegible]	9 15
" Preston	....	5 45	....	*10 10
" Kenton	9 45	6 16	4 15	10 55
Ar. Marion	10 30	7 15	5 00	12 01
" New York	11 07	—	7 57	
" Boston	6 15		12 43	

WESTWARD.

	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 5.	No. 17.
Lv. Marion	8.05	11 20	3 15	3 35
" Kenton	8 50	12 15	3 55	4 15
" Preston	9 17	....	....	*5 15
" Lima	9 45	1 00	4 38	5 45
" Spencerville	10 11	....	....	6 75
" Enterprise	10 15	1 50	5 22	7 15
" Decatur	11 26	2 25	5 50	8 30
" Kingsland	11 58	....	....	9.26
" Huntington	1 00	3 2[illegible]	6 40	10 30
" Bolivar	1 32	....	....	
" Newton	1 45	4 0[illegible]	7 22	
" Akron	2 11	....	....	No. 15.
" Rochester	2 38	4 4[illegible]	8 0[illegible]	
" North Judson	3 51	....	....	6 55
" Kouts	4 25	....	....	7 22
" Crown Point	5 16	....	....	8 12
" Hammond	6 05	7 25	10 25	8 50
" Englewood	6 89	7.55	10.55	9 20
" Archer Avenue	7 10	8 15	11.15	9 40
Ar. Chicago	7 10	8.25	11 25	9 50
Lv. New York	—	8 10	5 60	—
" Boston		2 10	8 3[illegible]	

Nos. 8, 12, 16, 3, 5 and 15 daily. Where time is not shown trains do not stop. Nos. 17 and 18 daily except Sunday. * stop on signal. † [illegible]

F. C. DONALD, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Chicago.
T. W. BURROWS, Superintendent, Chicago.

Columbus, Hocking Valley and Toledo R'y

TIME CARD.

Taking Effect Nov. 18th, 1888

[Central Time.]

NORTH BOUND.

River Division	No. 3. Daily except Sunday	No. 1. Daily except Sunday
Lv. Pomeroy	3 30pm	5 25am
" Gallipolis	4.24pm	7.35am
" McArthur Jc	5 58pm	10 05am

Hocking Valley Division.	No. 1. Daily	No. 3. Daily
Lv. Athens	7.00am	6.05pm
" Logan	8 15am	7 20pm
" Lancaster	8.58am	8.03pm
Ar. Columbus	10.45am	9.25pm

Toledo Division.	No. 3. Daily.	No. 1. Daily
Lv. Columbus	7.00am	4.00pm
" Delaware	7.59am	4.55pm
" Prospect	8.17am	5.25pm
" MARION	8.57am	5.11pm
" UpS'nd'ky	9.15am	6.35pm
" Carey	9.35am	6.55pm
" Fostoria	10.05am	7.25pm
Ar. Toledo	11.25am	8.30pm

SOUTH BOUND.

Toledo Division	No. 2. Daily.	No. 4. Daily
Lv. Toledo	7 00am	5 10pm
" Fostoria	8.25am	6.35pm
" Carey	8.55am	7.05pm
" UpS'nd'ky	9.17am	7 30pm
" MARION	9.55am	8.00pm
" Prospect	10.1 am	8.30pm
" Delaware	10.27am	9.24pm
Ar. Columbus	11 30am	10.29pm

Hocking Valley Division.	No. 4. Daily	No. 2. Daily
Lv. Columbus	8.00am	4 00pm
" Lancaster	9.18am	5.27pm
" Logan	10 02am	6.26pm
Ar. Athens	11.15am	7.30pm

River Division.	No. 4. Daily except Sunday	No. 2. Daily except Sunday
Ar. McArthur Jc	12.05pm	9.22pm
" Gallipolis	1 0pm	1.55pm
" Pomeroy	2.32pm	3.50pm

NOTE ON RUNNING OF TRAINS.

Trains Nos. 3 and 4, Toledo division, will carry Monarch Parlor Car between Toledo and Columbus.

Direct connections made in Union Depot at Columbus for Newark, Zanesville, Pittsburg, Wheeling, Baltimore, Washington and Philadelphia, also for Dayton, Cincinnati, Louisville and all points South and Southwest.

Close connections at Toledo for Detroit and all points in Michigan and Canada.

H. J. FALKENBACH,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent,
Columbus, Ohio

G. R. CARR, General Supt.

Only Thirty Days More

At the Old Stand, Four Weeks More of

SACRIFICE SALE!

At the Old Bennett Block.

In these Last Thirty Days goods will be Slaughtered More Than Ever. I am COMPELLED TO SELL or Move My Goods, and would sooner sacrifice them to my customers, no matter at what price, than move them somswhere else. I will not find room enough anyhow for all the clothing left. I have received some

SPRING GOODS

And I will make it worth your while to buy them now. Spring Suits, Spring Pants —Men's, Boys' and Children's. You can buy a nice suit for a child for $1:25; a handsone line of $2 suits for children. A large line of Spring Pants, late styles and designs.

FLANNEL & WHITE SHIRTS

Of all kinds and styles. A Flannel Shirt for 45c; a good White Shirt for 50c, the best in the market for that money; Cambric Shirts and Collars for 50c. I have received a very large line of HATS and will offer them at less than usual prices.

You Can Save 25 Per Cent. at
SAM OPPENHEIMER'S,

IN THE OLD BENNETT BLOCK.

FOR RENT.—Furnished rooms at No. 25 north East street. 31-tf

FOR SALE.—House and lot, centrally located. House containing 7 rooms in first-class condition. Will be sold on easy payments.
62w9 GEO. D. [illegible]ELAND.

FOR RENT.—Rooms in second story Fite block, suitable for offices or for residences. For particulars call on I. Fite. 71-tf

FOR RENT.—Four rooms, second story True building; desirable for residence or offices.
80m1. HARRY TRUE.

FOR RENT.—A new house of eight rooms on south West street. Inquire of Emma Kowalke, south Main street.

FOR RENT.—A house of five rooms, on south East street. Will be ready by the first of March. Inquire of E. Zachman. 87-1w

FOR RENT.—A desirable residence on south East street with all conveniences. MRS. E. S. BELL.

FOR RENT.—The store-room adjoining Vail's gallery, in the Centennial block, well fitted for dry goods or other merchandise. Rent reasonable. Inquire of Jacob Keller. 90tf

WANTED.—Temperate, energetic men to solicit orders for our choice nursery stock. Steady work and good pay. The business easily learned. Reference required. Address, R. G. Chase & Co., 1430 S. Penn Sq., Philadelphia.

WANTED.—A house of six or eight rooms, centrally located. Call on Dr. J. G. Selter, South street, first door west of Peoples' store. 88-1w

—Fine soaps at Foye's.

—Buy your bread at Rupp's.

—Choice butter at Bauer's grocery.

—B. Hall made a business trip to Toledo today.

—Low prices on drugs and medicines at Foye's.

—Try a 25-cent meal at Fies & Ballantine's new restaurant.

—Dr. Hahn, of Caledonia, was in town today on a short business trip.

—J. S. Reed has been ill for the past few days and confined to his home.

—J. C. Johnson left this morning on a short professional trip to Kenton.

—Truman Lewis, of Delaware, is visiting in the city, the guest of J. W. Thew.

—Jeff Osborne was in Owen, called thither by the serious illness of his mother.

—Call and try the new Atlantic Cable cigar at Foye's. Also other fine brands.

—Dr. Clark departed for Chicago this morning, expecting to remain until Friday.

—Our friend John Wynn, of Prospect, was in the city today, and paid the STAR office a call.

—When you want a meal, a choice lunch or oysters in any style call at Fies & Ballantine's, south Main street.

—William Coleman purchased a new dwelling of Harry True, on east South street, and moved into it Monday.

—John Whittaker has moved from La Rue to this city and will engage in the implement business with Lew Holverstott.

—All sizes and kinds of both hard and soft coals can be had at L. B. Gurley's, No. 15 north East street. Call on him. [89tf

—The funeral of Mrs. Baesler, an old lady living near Bethlehem, took place today. She was aged about seventy-two years.

—Revs. Miner and Wallace will speak at the Y. M. C. A. union meeting at Cummin's Hall tonight. Everybody is invited to attend.

—Miles Gregory left this morning to be gone a couple weeks in Logan county, finishing up a pike which he has been building this winter.

—Miss Willits received a telegram today announcing the death of her mother, and departs tonight for Reading, Mich. Sup't. Crouse will hear Miss Willits' classes during her absence.

—Next Sunday is communion day at the Presbyterian Church. Rev. John Tenney, of Richwood, is expected to preach at the preparatory service on Friday evening. The public is cordially invited.

☞ But a few days more will we offer the John Diebold property for sale at the present very low price.
CHASE & HUNTER.

—It is understood that St. Paul's church will soon be supplied with a pastor.

—Mrs. Gray has gone on a short visit with friends and relatives at Van Wert.

—A committee from the Galion Council was in town Tuesday night for a look at our electric lights.

—Mrs. J. Fribley was called to Delaware by a message announcing the serious illness of Mrs. T. F. Smith.

—Hermann Effort and Will Lusch left this morning for Kenton to be gone a couple of days on business.

—Charley Andrews, who had his foot mashed some time ago, has resumed work on the C. H. V. and T. local.

—Mrs. Williams has returned to Chicago, after a few weeks' visit at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Reed.

—Mrs. George Scofield and little brother departed this morning for a short visit with friends and relatives at Paulding.

—The prices of admission to the Camp Fire Thursday night are fifteen cents for adults and ten cents for children.

—W. H. Messenger returned from the West after quite an extended trip in the interest of the Malable Iron Works.

—F. A. Allen, train master of the N. Y. P. and O., and P. Fox assistant-train master, were in town today on business.

—Mrs. Sarah A. Riley left Tuesday evening for Paris, Illinois, on an extended visit with friends and relatives at that place.

—H. C. Hoberman & Co. have added considerable to the appearance of their store by the papering and refitting of the rear part.

—Marion Council No. 22, confers its annual initiatory work in the Super Excellent degree tonight. Mr. Henry Theobolt, of Dayton, will be present to lead the work.

—If Policeman Henry Burkhart appears unusually proud on his beat tonight the explanation will be found in the fact that he was married Tuesday night to Miss Martha Smith.

—Dr. Mon Gos Yck called this morning and desires us to say his location will still be Marion, until April at least. He denies having located in Kirby with another woman.

—Bucyrus Forum: Joseph Quaintance and R. V. Sears went to Marion today to attend a convention of Directors of the Agricultural societies of the surrounding counties.

—The Ladies' Society of the German E. P. Church will give an oyster supper and fair at the City Hall on March 5th, 1889, beginning at 5 o'clock p. m. Everybody is cordially invited to attend.

—The N. Y., L. E. and W. R'y will sell on Feb. 25th to March 3d inclusive, excursion tickets to New Orleans; tickets good for return until March 23d inclusive. Fare for the round trip $27.25. Account Mardi Gras.

—The Press: Lunatic went into German Reformed church at Lima and ordered the congregation to bow before a cross which he held up. Took half the men in the house to bounce him. Was well dressed and a stranger.

—Tuesday was Charles Wixted's birthday, and a number of his friends and relatives celebrated it by calling at his place and giving him a pleasant surprise. A very jolly time was spent and the occasion will not be soon forgotten.

—The direction the Hale shops will go will be decided at the next board meeting, so those who are in suspense will have about two weeks' waiting. The company is not seeking nor does not want bids or gifts from any source as an influence in the matter.

—The Press: Burglars, who lived two days in a Bellevue house while the family were away, amused themselves reading the many love letters of a young lady member of the family. Happily the two burglars are in the pen now where they can't tell the secrets.

—The residence of John Deibold, in Bowling Green, was burned Monday, while the family were away attending church, except Mr. Deibold who was confined at his home with a broken arm. It is not known how the fire originated. Everything was burned and the loss will amount to about $2000, with no insurance.

—G. W. Sells is up from Richwood today on business, with a view to locating here.

—Fred Sautter has staked out the foundation for a new dwelling on east Center street.

—J. S. Gill, of Delaware, will be one of the eloquent speakers at the Camp Fire at City Hall tomorrow evening.

—There were seven new members initiated in the order of Red Men on Tuesday night. The order is reported as progressing finely.

—Upper Sandusky Union: Mr. Elkanah Coon, of Marion county, was in town, Saturday, having business in our Probate Court, in relation to the Bretz assignment. We learn from Mr. Coon that S. R. Reber, formerly of this city, met with a serious accident a few days ago, which came near resulting fatally. Mr. Reber fell from a load of wood causing an injury to his back, which he will not recover from for several weeks.

—The directors and members of the Mechanics' Library Association met Tuesday evening at the Mayor's office and then went to the residence of Dr. T. B. Fisher to make the presentation of the honorary life certificate of membership to that gentleman. The presentation was made by G. B. Christian who delivered one of his characteristic addresses which was responded to by a short speech of acceptance from Mr. Fisher. A pleasant evening was passed and all returned home delighted with the occasion.

—A prominent business man of this place is in receipt of a letter from O. A. Essig, of Canton, Ohio, asking as to the outlook for locating a plow manufactory at this place. Mr. Essig states that he has a new plow invented, one of the most complete ever made, and he is looking for a suitable location to organize a company to manufacture them. This look like business, and every business man and citizen should use his influence toward making this the location of the new manufactory, and thus add another to the many industries which we now have.

—Senator Adams' bill, regulating the duties of Assessors, passed the Senate last week. It requires the Assessor to render a sworn and itemized account of what he is doing daily. It increases his compensation to $3 per day. He must inform the Auditor in writing of returns he does not believe to be true. Instead of exempting from taxation $50 in personal property, it requires every thing to be listed, and then a reduction from the list not to exceed $100. The tax payer must list all taxable property held by another for him, either in or out of the State, and also to list for taxation any such property held by another person for whom he is required to list. It specially provides what the oath of the person listing shall be. The Assessors must meet before the Auditor, previous to entering upon their duties where they shall be minutely informed as to their duties. The Auditor is prohibited from issuing a warrant for their pay until they have performed all their duties. The Assessor must make an affidavit to the Auditor specifically setting forth that he has performed his duties and giving particulars.

Relief! Relief!!

Cooper Post and the Women's Relief Corps will give a Camp Fire at the City Hall on Thursday evening, Feb. 28th, (tomorrow night). The program will consist of reminiscences of the war by the "Boys;" also a musical and literary entertainment by our best local talent. An excellent supper will be served and everything done to make the evening enjoyable. Now is an opportunity for our citizens to lend a helping hand to the widows and orphans of our brave soldiers. Come to our entertainment and drop your mite for sweet charity's sake.

Probate Court.

Chas. L. Wilson and Nina O. Malone licensed to marry.

Will of James H. Arthur presented, proven and admitted to probate and record.

Will of Christena Beltner presented, proven and admitted to probate and record.

—TRY—

BON TON FLOUR!

Every Sack Warranted to Equal the Best in the Market.

THEW & MANZ, Agents

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

Clearing weather, except continued light snow or rain along the lakes; warmer, variable winds.

DRESS GOODS!

The Popular Mohairs in Colors and Black.

Stylish Plaids and Stripes.

The Best Silk Warp Henriettas in the World.

46-inch Wool Henriettas in the Spring Shades.

Amazon Cloths, 50-inch wide, Beautiful goods, having all of the Good Qualities of Broadcloths Without the Dead Weight.

Rich Persian Braids for Trimmings.

WARNER & EDWARDS.

CARPETS

Some Exquisite Patterns in Body Brussels, with Borders or Without, Very Rich for a Pair of Parlors.

Neat Small Figures for Hall and Stair.

Moquette Patterns in Wilton Back Tapestries.

The Finest things in Three-ply Carpets ever shown on the Market.

Ingrain Carpets in the Best Makes Only.

The Prices at which we are Selling Carpets makes this The Spring of all others to Buy Carpets.

WARNER & EDWARDS.

Cochranton.

Just cold enough to make things bustle lively.

Mrs. Hoover is still on the sick list.

Samuel Dodds, of west of town, is slowly recovering from a very severe attack of illness.

Mr. H. T. Van Fleet was in our town one day last week, looking up, we presume, some real estate business.

We are informed that C. W. Baker has been employed to teach the York Street band, since last Saturday.

The residence of S. C. Dodds was visited by about 115 persons, on Monday evening last, it being the birthday of his son, O. F. They report an enjoyable time. The visitors were cordially received at about 7 o'clock to 7.30 o'clock, p. m., and was a complete surprise to the young man. Success to you, O. F., may you see many such birthdays.

A grand surprise at the residence of Allen Day, in behalf of the daughter, Miss Gertie, a few days ago. About 140 were present, and Miss Gertie saw her 18th birthday.

Wm. Thomas will move to the Spangler farm this coming spring, and several other changes will occur.

The band boys will give an entertainment and oyster supper at Marseilles in a few weeks. The boys play well.

Mr. Partridge was home over Sunday, not long since. He reports everything well in his vicinity.

February 27th. VALERIUS MAXIMUS.

Prof. Kennedy and Mesmerism.

Music Hall is easily well-filled by Prof. Kennedy's mesmeric attraction, and his entertainments are giving what is apparently very good satisfaction. The occasion does not, therefore, require any particular criticism from us, but we belong to the skeptics and want to make a suggestion or two. If there is merit in his hypnotism, and there may be, let it be shown on the boys without the aid of the attaches of his show, who have thus far led the actions of those under mesmeric charms. Then the best subjects should not be boys who are always suping about and having more or less connection with shows. The circumstance make it look too much like there was a money consideration that exerted an influence over them. If Prof. Kennedy will eliminate these suspicious features we shall become believers. We want to see some one who wouldn't impose on the public placed under the mesmeric influence.

—"From Street to Mansion" is to be reproduced at Music Hall Thursday night, March 7th, for the benefit of Mechanics Library. This play was a complete success in the former presentation and should attract a large house on this occasion especially, owing to the connection with the Library.

MUSIC HALL.

ON MONDAY AND TUESDAY EVENING,
March 4th and 5th.

GRAND CONCERT
—BY—
HANS LECHNER'S
TYROLIAN TROUPE
—OF—
MOUNTAIN WARBLERS.

Mr. Hans Lechner, Miss Fannie Gran,
Mr. Alex. Hepperger.
Miss Maria Kerer, Miss Resi Schopf,

From the Valley of Innthan, Tyrol, the Only Genuine Troupe of Mountain Warblers in the United States and beyond doubt the Best Troupe on the Globe, in their

Native Songs and Warbles!

ADMISSION, - 25 & 35 CENTS.
Reserved Seats at Tristram & Young's.

To the WEAK and DEBILITATED

Persons conscious of ORGANIC WEAKNESS, or Incapacity for active duties of life, who may find themselves

PREMATURELY OLD,

or are suffering from

NERVOUS WEAKNESS,

of any description, can be permanently cured by consulting

DR. ALBERT,
Superior St. next to P. O.,
CLEVELAND, O.

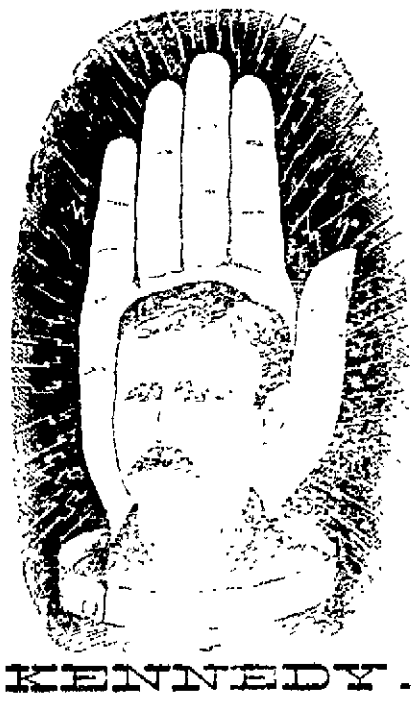
Music :-: Hall!

TO-NIGHT!

Special Engagement of the World's Greatest

MESMERIST AND HYPMOTIZER!

PROFESSOR



KENNEDY.

All Skeptics are cordially invited to take part in these entertainments and be convinced of the facts. Nothing will be done that the most fastidious would object to. If you would enjoy a good hearty laugh, don't fail to see Prof. Kennedy illustrate Hypnotism.

A Solid Gold Hunting Case Watch

Will be given away nightly, and as a guarantee that he gives them away just as he advertises, no strangers in your city will be allowed to get any one of them.

Tickets on sale at Tristram & Young's.
ADMISSION, - - - 15, 25 and 35c.

Riley & Wright's

HACK LINE!

The undersigned have purchased the Ed Miller Hack Line, restocked the same and are better prepared to serve the public than ever. Calls made for all trains for both passengers and baggage.

Funeral Attendance

A Specialty. Leave orders at hotels, or at office at barn. Telephone 15.

RILEY & WRIGHT.

CAN I SPEAK WITH YOU!

About PARIS RANGES and those BANNER STOVES, and the improvements on GASOLINE STOVES at my store.

There is something worth seeing at

ROMOSER & MAHAFFEY'S.

YELLOW SIGNS. YELLOW TUBS.

USE "PEERLESS BRAND"

BALTIMORE

FRESH RAW OYSTERS,

Selected and packed with cleanliness and care by

C. M. PEARSON & CO.,

BALTIMORE, M. D.

They are the Best. Ask your grocer for them.

MASSILLON COAL

—THE—

BEST in the MARKET

—AT—

Prendergasts'.

TRISTRAM & YOUNG,
BOOTS & SHOES,
No. 3, NORTH MAIN STREET.

The Best Jackson, Massillon & Hocking
LUMP AND NUT
Lehi, Scrnton and Lackawana
Chestnut, Stove & Egg Coal
—AT—
PRENDERCASTS',
AS -:- CHEAP -:- AS -:- THE -:- CHEAPEST.

MERCHANT TAILORING
WILLIAMS & LEFFLER,
—THE—
LEADING MERCHANT TAILORS
Are Now Showing Their
FALL AND WINTER GOODS
A Perfect Fit and Satisfaction Guaranteed.
PRICES REASONABLE.

JOB PRINTING
NEATLY AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED AT
THIS OFFICE.

H. J. SCHOLL
MANUFACTURER
—AND—
Wholesale Dealer
—IN—
Choice Cigars

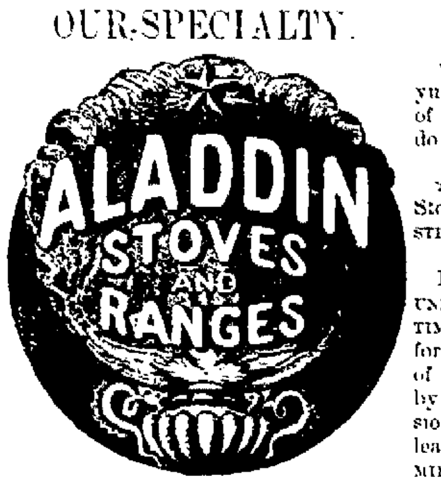
Everybody smokes his make of cigars.

H. M. AULT,
FIRE
INSURANCE
AGENCY!

☞ OFFICE: Bennett's Block, First Stair way east of P. O.

GET YOUR MEALS
—AT—
CULL'S
DINING HALL
Refitted and Better than ever.
REGULAR MEALS
(THE BEST IN THE CITY)
—FOR—
25 CTS.
Special Dishes Served to Order.
Oysters at All Times.
LUNCH STAND IN CONNECTION.
TICKETS (20 MEALS), $3.50.
My old patrons and all new ones are invited to call.
JOHN CULL,
2d Door East of Court House.

OUR SPECIALTY.



"BLO!"

"Yung man, don't be afrade to blo yure own horn, but don't blo it in front of the proceshun; go to the REAR and do it."—Josh Billings.

A few years ago there was added to the Stove Procession of Marion the CLEAR, STEADY note of

A NEW HORN.

It was sounded in the "rear;" at first UNNOTICED, almost UNHEARD; through TIME, PATIENCE and INTEGRITY of performance its PURITY of TONE and BEAUTY of EXECUTION were at length recognized by its immediate neighbors, the procession "right-about-faced," and today "it leads the van." PUBLIC CONFIDENCE, ADMIRATION, PATRONAGE, PRAISE and LOYALTY, ALL have been won legitimately by the OUT-AND-OUT worth of the class of goods we handle. Dear reader, will YOU join the procession and help us protect your PURSE?

S. S. FOX & CO.,
Fite Block, East Center St. Marion, Ohio.

N. B.—Slate and Metal Roofing and Guttering a Specialty.